

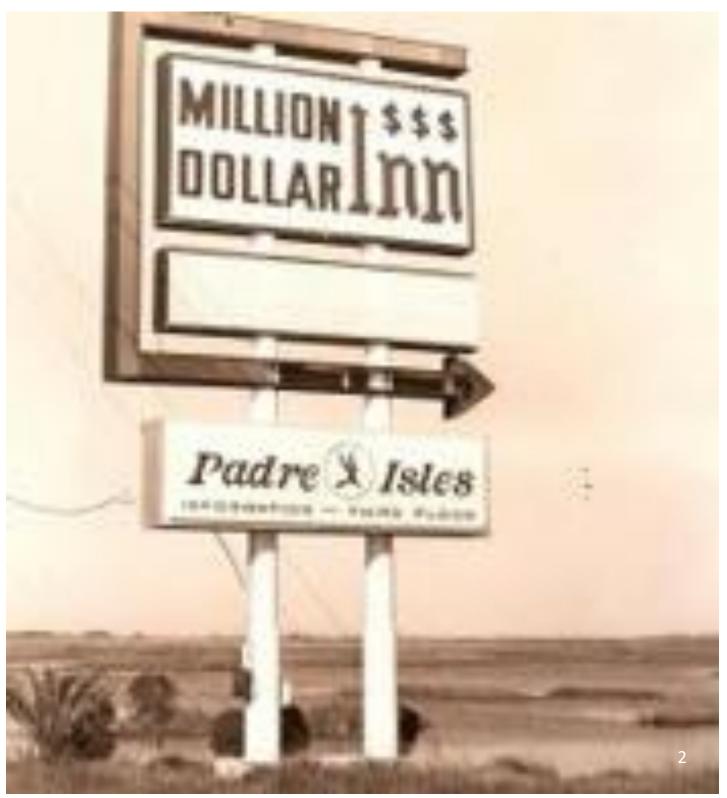
MICHAEL J. ELLIS SEAWALL PROJECT

PRESENTATION TO City Council

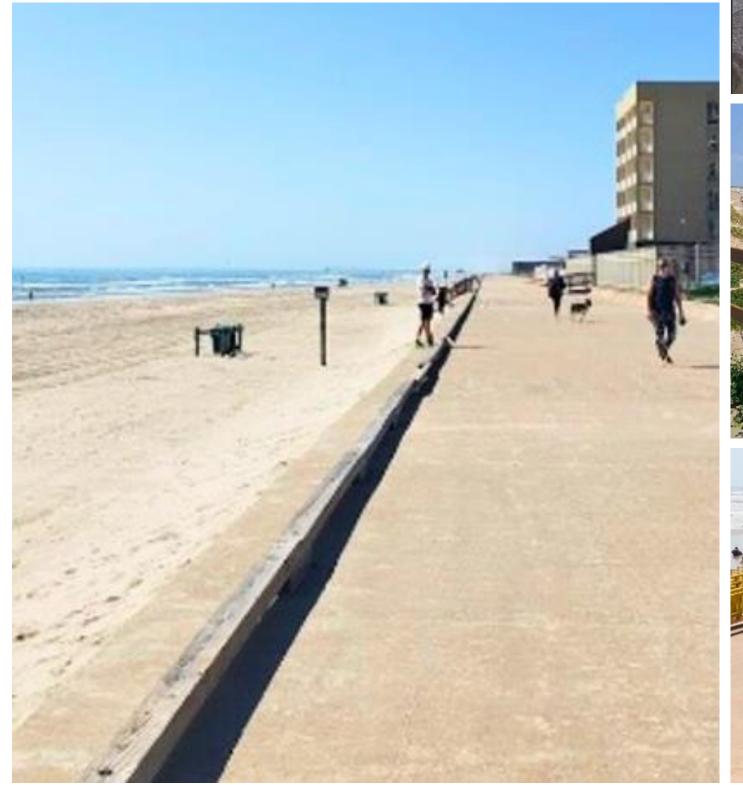
08/27/24



Michael J. Ellis Seawall - 1970's



Michael J. Ellis Seawall - Today





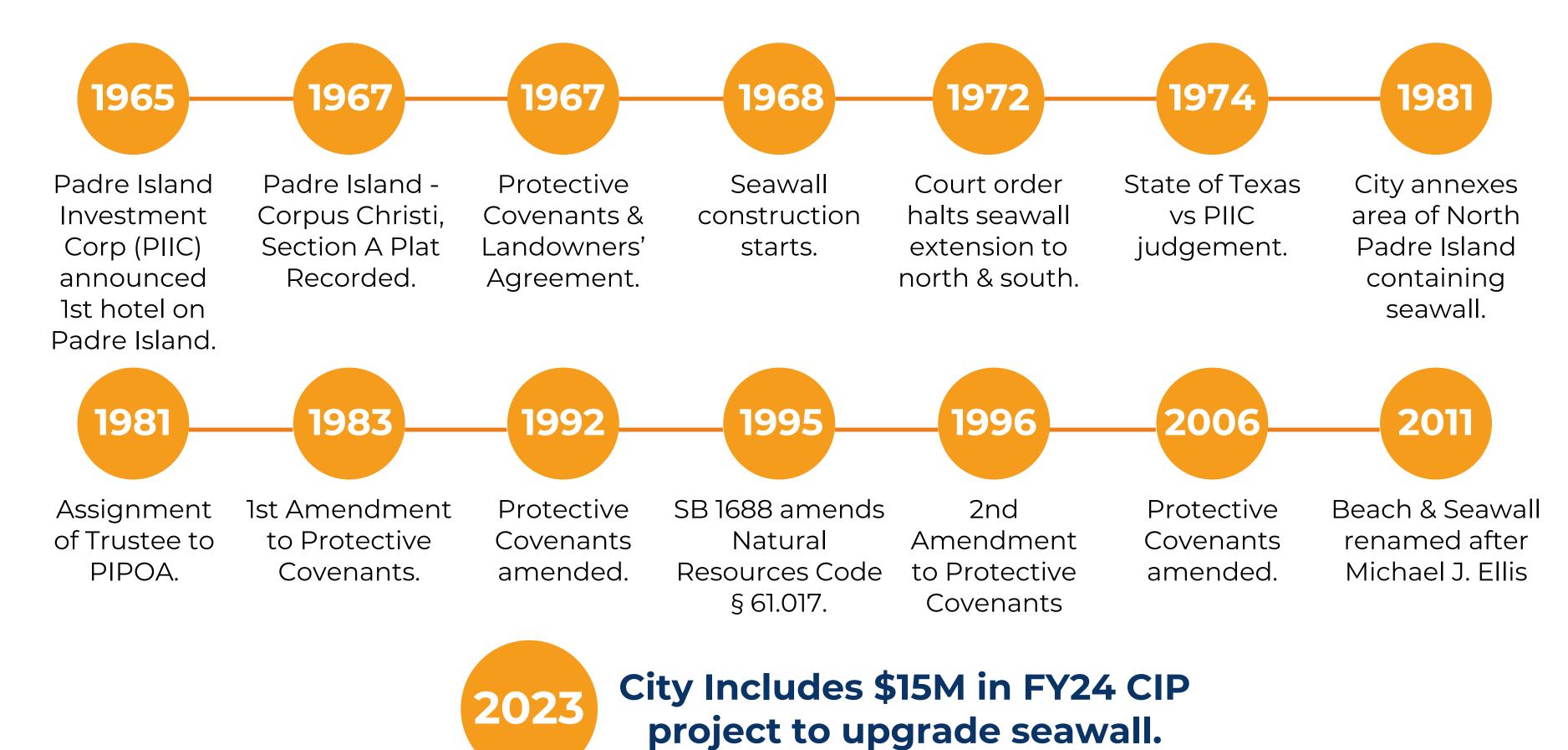








NORTH PADRE ISLAND SEAWALL - HISTORY



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FY 2024 CIP PROJECT

Project# 24133

Project Name North Padre Island Seawall Improvements

Type Improvement/Additions

Useful Life 25 years

Category Site Improvements

Department TIRZ #2

Contact Economic Development Director

Priority Community Investment

Council District 4

Status Active



Description

The North Padre Island Seawall is located on the gulf beach which is frequented by tourists and citizens daily. The structure serves as a barrier between the beach and the buildings but is also a walkway along the beach area. It is in need of repairs and the area currently lacks amenities such as benches, lighting, and share structures. This project will assess the needs of the area and then provide funding to fulfill the identifies needs.

Justification

This project was deemed a priority of TIRZ #2 Board and will provide needed amenities for visitors to North Padre Island.

Prior Years	2024	2025	2026	Total
	1,000,000	5,506,757	5,506,757	12,013,514
	1,500,000			1,500,000
	275,000	605,743	605,743	1,486,486
F	2,775,000	6,112,500	6,112,500	15,000,000
Prior Years	2024	2025	2026	Total
	2,775,000	6,112,500	6,112,500	15,000,000
	2 775 000	6 112 500	6 112 500	15,000,000
	Prior Years	1,000,000 1,500,000 275,000 2,775,000 Prior Years 2024 2,775,000	1,000,000 5,506,757 1,500,000 275,000 605,743 2,775,000 6,112,500 Prior Years 2024 2025 2,775,000 6,112,500	1,000,000 5,506,757 5,506,757 1,500,000 275,000 605,743 605,743 2,775,000 6,112,500 6,112,500 Prior Years 2024 2025 2026 2,775,000 6,112,500 6,112,500

Important Background

- Seawall was privately built on land claimed by the State of TX under Open Beaches Act.
- The state sued Padre Island Investment Corporation (PIIC) for trespass.
- A judgment was issued in 1974 that granted the public permanent access to the seawall and beach and granted ownership of some tracts to the state.
- Hurricane Allen caused significant damage in 1980. Adjoining property owners created a seawall committee to fund the repairs.
- The City of Corpus Christi annexed the seawall area in 1981.
- 1995 Legislation reiterated permanent public easement and established that vegetation line would be considered the face of the seawall in exchange for constructing a public parking lot and roadway easements for beach access.
- The City helped facilitate the state requirement to provide public parking.



- The seawall is privately owned and maintained.
- The seawall is in a poor state of repair.
- Owners cannot restrict access to the public.
- Owners have difficulty insuring the seawall.
- The seawall is not currently eligible for Assistance under the FEMA Public Assistance Program.
- Catastrophic damage would likely be the responsibility of the owners.





Proposed

Seawall Status

- A \$15M project was approved in the FY24 CIP to improve the seawall.
- The City needs the real estate rights to make the repairs and upgrades.
- The City must be legally responsible for maintenance and repair to be FEMA PA eligible.
- City is seeking an easement dedication and not fee simple ownership of seawall property.
- Owners will no longer be at risk for seawall damage, maintenance, or claims.

North Padre Island Seawall in 1980

after damage from Hurricane Allen





FEMA PA Program

- The FEMA PA Program provides Federal grant assistance for the restoration of disaster-damaged <u>public</u> facilities.
- FEMA provides assistance based on authorities and limitations defined in federal statutes and regulations.
- The four basic components of FEMA PA eligibility are: eligible applicant, eligible facility, eligible work and eligible cost.
- In order increase the likelihood that future Seawall disaster repairs would be FEMA PA eligible, the City must legally assume responsibility for its maintenance.
- Also need to avoid the seawall's classification as a "Flood Control Work" under the USACE definition.



Public Assistance Program and Policy Guide

Version 4, Effective June 1, 2020



ACTIONS COMPLETED

- City has received expert advise on optimizing the likelihood of FEMA PA eligibility.
- Property survey and easement exhibits have been prepared.
- City has corresponded with all owners.
- A Town Hall meeting was held April 11, 2024.
- City has formed a steering committee of landowners helping to facilitate easement acquisition.
- Engineering has selected a design firm and engaged them on preliminary engineering activities.
- The Gulfstream has signed a letter of intent with conditions for granting the maintenance easement.
- The Gulfsteam letter is being shared as a template for the other property owners.

NEXT STEPS

- City will use the Gulfsteam letter of intent to get similar instruments from the other property owners.
- Council will need to assume "legal responsibility" for the seawall.
 This is necessary to help ensure FEMA PA eligibility. Will be conditioned on easement acquisition.
- City will also seek negative determinations from USACE and NRCS.
- Detailed design contract award by council.
- Stakeholder meetings will be scheduled to get feedback on the design.
- Project will be advertised for bid once the bid docs are ready. This will probably be early to mid 2025.
- Construction will probably take 12-18 months.

REQUIRED LEGAL ACTIONS

- Deed from PIPOA, Trustee, conveying all of its rights, title and interest to the seawall to the City.
- Amendment No. 3 to the Protective Covenants and Landowner's Agreement deleting Article VI Seawall Maintenance Agreement.
- Easement from each seawall tract owner conveying a permanent easement and maintenance easement to the City.
- Council action assuming legal responsibility for the seawall.

