# TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE #2 CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI

PROJECT AND FINANCING PLANS (Revised 09/29/2009:

Amended 03/22/2011; 09/13/2011; 10/29/2013, July 22, 2014, February 28, 2017, August 22, 2017, December 19, 2017, January 22, 2019, April 16, 2019, June 10, 2019, **November 12, 2019**)

The Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2 Project Plan) (Plan) (last revised and/or amended on <u>06/10/19</u>) is amended to update and revise the Plan this <u>12<sup>th</sup> Day of November 2019</u> by adding the <u>bold and underlined text</u> and removing the <u>struck-through text</u> as shown:

#### REINVESTMENT ZONE PROJECT PLAN

This Project Plan identifies the improvements and planned expenditures that may be funded by tax increments generated within Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2, City of Corpus Christi ("TIRZ #2). No tax increments for new expenditures authorized by this Project Plan may be expended if the tax increments are required to fund any obligations incurred by the North Padre Island Development Corporation prior to the date of the adoption and approval of this Project Plan.

On March 21, 2000, the Corpus Christi City Council authorized the preparation of a preliminary financing plan for a tax increment financing district covering portions of North Padre Island and Mustang Island. This tax increment financing would be used primarily to provide the local share of the North Padre Island Storm Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project ("Packery Channel project"). Then on June 27, 2000, the City Council approved the preliminary Project and Financing Plans, and notified other taxing jurisdictions of its intention to create a tax increment reinvestment zone. A notice of a public hearing on the creation of the zone was published on August 22, 2000, and the public hearing was held on August 29, 2000. On August 29, 2000 the City Council passed the first reading of the ordinance that established TIRZ #2. Ordinance 024270, which established TIRZ #2 was formally adopted after being passed on the second reading on November 14, 2000.

Subsequently on October 8, 2002, the City Council approved Resolution 025040, which established the North Padre Island Development Corporation ("NPIDC"). The NPIDC was created to aid, assist, and act on behalf of the City and TIRZ #2 in performing governmental functions to promote the common good and general welfare of the City, including the area within the TIRZ #2 zone. Then on February 25, 2003, the NPIDC, TIRZ #2, and City Council authorized an agreement by and among the City of Corpus Christi, Texas; Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi; and the North Padre Island Development Corporation, dated February 1, 2003. This agreement commonly referred to as the "Tri-Party Agreement" spells out the responsibilities of each of the parties in the administration and financing of TIRZ #2. The three entities also recommended, authorized, and approved the Project and Financing Plans for TIRZ #2 on February 25, 2003.

The initial Project Plan and Financing Plan basically addressed the funding of the City's share of the North Padre Island Storm Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project. The Packery Channel project had been discussed and studied over a number of years. The project involved the placement of sand in front of the concrete Padre Island Seawall to restore the beach and protect the seawall. The sand was to be taken from the dredging and channelization of a reopened Packery Channel. The Packery Channel project also consisted of long jetties, walks, mitigation, public facilities, and reserve for long-term maintenance. The estimated cost of the Packery Channel project was approximately \$30 million.

The Packery Channel project was included in Section 556 of the Water Resources Development Act of 1999. The Act also required the U. S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACOE) to undertake two studies: (1) to determine if the project is environmentally acceptable and (2) to determine if the project is technically sound. A relatively small amount of money was made available by the Federal government for the studies.

The local share of the project, which was estimated at approximately \$10.5 million, could come from tax increment financing. This type of financing was authorized by a State Constitutional Amendment. The basic theory of tax increment financing is that "the construction of certain public improvements will generate higher tax revenues due to additional private development." The concept of tax increment financing is "but for the construction of the public improvements, the higher tax receipts would not occur." In this particular case, the City believed that completion of the project would result in significantly increased taxes through both new private investment and increases in the existing tax values.

The preliminary financing plan that was adopted by the City Council, when it authorized the creation of TIRZ #2, called for funding \$10.5 million as the City's share of the Packery Channel project, plus \$750,000 for construction of the parking lot on the Padre Island concrete seawall. The estimates in the preliminary financing plan were refined, and the Project and Financing Plans, dated February 1, 2003, estimated that \$12,000,000 in debt would be needed to complete the initial project costs. The plans identified \$3,000,000 in surplus tax increments or bonds for secondary development improvements, which included the construction of seawall parking lot and \$2,000,000 for a "parks & recreation center." A copy of the projected project costs from the 2003 plans is attached to and incorporated into this plan as **Exhibit A**.

A project consisting of the construction of two bridges on Park Road 22 is added in the February 28, 2017 amendment.

A project consisting of the traffic improvements on Windward Drive at Saint Augustine Drive is added in the August 21, 2018 amendment. Additionally, as part of this amendment a project is added for a market and feasibility study for the renewal of TIRZ #2 beyond 2022.

Under §311.011(b)(1), Texas Tax Code, the Project Plan must have a map showing existing uses and conditions of real property in the zone, and a map showing proposed improvements to and proposed uses of that property. A map of TIRZ #2 is attached as **Exhibit B**, and is incorporated into this plan. A map of the current land uses within TIRZ #2 and the surrounding area is attached as **Exhibit C**, and is incorporated into this plan. A map of the current zoning within TIRZ #2 and the surrounding area is attached as **Exhibit D**, and is incorporated into this plan. A map of the future land uses within TIRZ #2 and the surrounding area based on the City Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Plan, adopted May 24, 2004 (Ordinance 026278), is attached as **Exhibit E**, and is incorporated into this plan. The Island Action Group Capital Improvement Priorities Report, dated 10/14/2005, which identifies needed capital improvements on Mustang and Padre Islands, including the areas within TIRZ #2, has been reviewed to identify improvements that could be funded through the tax increments developed within TIRZ #2.

**Exhibit F** is a map showing specific projects that are included in this Project Plan. That exhibit is incorporated into this plan. This exhibit has been updated to include the location of the Mobi-Mats and traffic improvements on Windward at Saint Augustine Drive. All of the specific projects are situated on public land and involve recreational use and activities. Due to damage caused by Hurricane Harvey, a Packery Channel revetment repair project is needed.

Under §311.011(b)(2), Texas Tax Code, the Project Plan must address proposed changes of zoning ordinances, the master plan of the municipality, building codes, other municipal ordinances, and subdivision rules and regulations, if any, of the county, if applicable.

While the City is in the process of adopting a unified development code that will replace the current zoning and platting ordinances, there are no substantive changes being recommended that would affect TIRZ #2. At the time of adoption of this Project Plan, there are no pending cases to rezone properties within TIRZ #2. The City is considering rezoning portions of the property that it leases from the Texas General Land Office ("GLO"). As a condition of the GLO lease, the City is required to prepare a development plan for any commercial development on the leased property. While a draft Packery Channel development plan has been prepared and presented to the City Council, Planning Commission, GLO, Nueces County Parks Board, Nueces County Dune Committee, and City Beach Advisory Committee, for incorporation into the Mustang Padre Island Area Development Plan, the City Council has not officially adopted the plan, and the City is discussing features of the proposed plan with the GLO. The City will propose rezoning to match the needs identified in the Packery Channel development plan.

The City is working with GLO on the voter approved proposed changes to Chapter 10, Code of Ordinances, which contains the City's GLO approved beach and dune rules. This proposed change addresses driving on the beach seaward of the concrete Padre Island seawall, and the installation of bollards on the beach seaward of the concrete seawall and between the seawall and southern Packery Channel jetty. There are no other proposed changes to the City's beach or dune permitting rules.

However, the Nueces County Beach Management Committee has recommended approval of the changes to their beach management regulations. The Nueces County Commissioners' Court has not approved the changes, and they have not been sent to the GLO for public comment in Texas Register.

Under §311.011(b)(3), Texas Tax Code, the Project Plan must contain a list of estimated nonproject costs. The City has been trying to obtain additional Federal funding to cover some of the costs of the recreational enhancements within the North Padre Island Storm Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project and repairs to storm damage from Hurricane Ike. The City will also seek grants and other funding opportunities from the State of Texas and others to offset some of the costs identified in this Project Plan. The level of that funding, if any, that can come from Federal, State, or other funding sources is not known. To the extent Federal, State, or other funding is received, the amount of tax increments that need to be dedicated to completing these improvements will be reduced.

Under §311.011(b)(4), Texas Tax Code, the Project Plan must contain a statement of a method of relocating persons to be displaced as a result of implementing the plan. None of the proposed improvements should result in relocation of any person; therefore this requirement is not applicable to the implementation of this plan.

#### REINVESTMENT ZONE FINANCING PLAN

Under §311.011(c)(1), the Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must contain an Estimated Project Cost Description, and under §311.011(c)(2), it must describe the Kind, Number, and Location of TIRZ Improvements.

Under this Revised Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan, the following improvements and activities may be funded from current available revenues:

#### Packery Channel Project Area Improvements:

Subject to the availability of the estimated funds in the TIRZ #2 tax increment fund and funding from the Federal Government as authorized by the Water Resources Development Act, construction of the improvements in the TIRZ#2 referendum voter information sheet and Phases 3 – 7 Packery Channel public recreational improvements and amenities shown on the engineering drawings referred to as the Packery Channel "Six Pack," which is incorporated into this Project Plan as **Exhibit G. Exhibit H** has been amended to reflect all TIRZ #2 Project Updates and includes estimates and details regarding the Packery Channel revetment reimbursement project and the traffic improvements on Windward at Saint Augustine Drive. Additionally, an estimated \$50,000 will be budgeted for the market and feasibility study for the renewal of the TIRZ #2 beyond 2022. Construction of the Phase 4 ADA ramps is contingent upon approval of the General Land Office of the installation of temporary hard parking surfaces for parking for the disabled on the beach at the end of the ADA ramps and will be constructed with Phase 3 if approved.

Project #11 (Packery Channel Pavilion in Exhibit H is being increased by \$23,000 for a total budget of \$273,000. Project #14 (Periodic Survey of Channel Conditions and Shoreline) is being corrected to reflect \$286,000. A new project is being proposed- Project #18 (Contingency Fund) to provide a contingency fund of \$100,000 in support of all projects.

Yearly Miscellaneous Improvements required for support of Packery Channel, exclusive of the previously identified capital projects Phases 3 though 7, could include periodic surveys of channel conditions, shoreline, and jetty revetments, access to beach and sand redistribution are proposed to be budgeted on an annual basis pending the availability of funds. These Yearly Miscellaneous Improvements specifically include routing, monitoring, and surveys of the Packery Channel and the Gulf beach.

Operation of a marine patrol to reduce shoreline erosion along Packery Channel, specifically along the Mollie Beattie Preserve pending the availability of funds.

Zone funds will compensate for the costs of ongoing administration of the Zone, including but not limited to accounting, legal services, consulting services, document production and maintenance, and other administrative costs.

Costs for design, permitting and dredging of Packery Channel have been included in future years subject to need and pending the availability of funds.

The Zone's annual budget will be adopted by the Zone's Board of Directors on an annual basis, based upon the City of Corpus Christi's fiscal year, and attached to this plan as **Exhibit I**.

Improvements in other areas within TIRZ #2:

A specific list of projects will be developed in consultation with various organizations and interested residents of North Padre Island and businesses located within TIRZ #2. These projects may include projects to acquire, construct, reconstruct, or install public works, facilities, or sites or other public improvements,

including landscaping, utilities, streets, street lights, water and sewer facilities, pedestrian malls and walkways, parks, flood and drainage facilities, or parking facilities, but not including educational facilities.

One improvement to the TIRZ #2 is the construction of two bridges on Park Road 22 between Commodores and Whitecap. The bridges will require up to \$4,000,000 **\$6,884,815.66** of TIRZ #2 funding and will allow for travel over canals that are to be built by a third party developers in the area.

As required by §311.011(c)(3), an updated economic feasibility Study for TIRZ #2 was completed by CDS Market Research | Spillette Consulting in September 2009. It is provided in a separate document.

Under §311.011(c)(4), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must include an estimate of bonded indebtedness. TIRZ #2 may be used to support bonded debt issued to fund specific projects, or the project costs may be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, or utilize other financing methods.

Under §311.011(c)(5), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must describe the timing of incurring costs or monetary obligations. TIRZ #2 project costs will be incurred over the life of the Zone based on its Board of Directors' identification of priority activities and projects, opportunities for implementation, and available revenues to sustain a pay-as-you-go project expenditure approach, a bonded debt issuance, or other forms of project financing.

Under §311.011(c)(6), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must describe the methods of financing and sources of revenue. TIRZ #2 could use several methods of financing, including but not limited to the following:

- Cash funds generated from existing property value increment,
- Bonded debt issuances backed by TIRZ #2 revenue to fund the associated debt service,
- Short term anticipation notes or other debt issued by private financial institutions based on projected property tax increment to be generated from taxable development under construction at the time of debt issuance, and
- Developer cash reimbursement agreements where the revenues from TIRZ #2 property tax increment compensate a developer for fronting eligible expenditures in a specific taxable project after the project is completed.

The term of any debt for which debt services payments are to be funded by TIRZ #2 revenue will not extend past the duration of TIRZ #2.

The primary source of revenue for TIRZ #2 will be funds from the contributed property tax collections of the City of Corpus Christi, Nueces County, Nueces County Hospital District, Del Mar College, and the Farm to Market Road on the taxable property value increment within TIRZ #2. Based on existing interlocal agreements with each taxing jurisdiction listed above, it is currently projected that each of these entities will agree to participate in funding TIRZ #2 with 100% of the incremental property taxes collected over the life of zone, except for Del Mar College, which will contribute 20% in 2009 and 0% thereafter. The assessed value base year

#### Sources of Revenue<sup>1</sup>

	City of Corpus	Nueces	Nueces County Hospital	Del Mar Jr.	Farm to Market	
Tax Year	Christi	County	District	College	Road	Total
2009	1,597,917	985,617	406,158	137,838	12,165	3,139,695
2010	1,273,417	786,419	324,072	-	9,709	2,393,616
2011	1,203,508	745,121	307,054	-	9,201	2,264,884
2012	1,372,033	849,855	350,213	-	10,494	2,582,595
2013	1,519,533	941,476	387,968	-	11,625	2,860,601
2014	1,645,468	1,019,647	420,181	-	12,590	3,097,886
2015	1,761,879	1,091,870	449,943	-	13,481	3,317,173
2016	2,162,313	1,340,366	552,345	-	16,549	4,071,572
2017	2,615,229	1,621,428	668,166	-	20,018	4,924,842
2018	3,127,882	1,939,557	799,263	-	23,945	5,890,647
2019	3,708,557	2,299,895	947,753	-	28,393	6,984,598
2020	4,366,726	2,708,317	1,116,057	-	33,435	8,224,535
2021	5,113,212	3,171,538	1,306,944	-	39,153	9,630,847
2022	5,960,390	3,697,237	1,523,577	-	45,642	11,226,846
Total	37,428,065	23,198,342	9,559,692	137,838	286,400	70,610,338

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assumes 95% tax collection rate.

for all participating taxing entities is 2000. Based upon 2008 tax rates for each jurisdiction, the projection of incremental property tax revenue contributed to TIRZ #2 is as follows:

These revenue projections assume a 95% tax collection rate for all three taxing jurisdictions. According to these projections, 53.0% of the tax increment revenues will come from the City, 32.9% will come from the County, 13.5% will come from the County Hospital District, 0.2%% will come from Del Mar College, and 0.4% will come from the Farm to Market Road.

Zone property tax contributions from the participating tax jurisdictions could be supplemented with other sources of revenue as available. These could include but are not limited to:

- Grants from other local, state, and federal agencies;
- Grants from private entities such as foundations; and
- Joint implementation and funding agreements with other public agencies or private entities such as civic associations for specific projects.

Under §311.011(c)(7), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must give the current appraised value of the zone. According to the Nueces County Appraisal District, the 2009 certified taxable appraised value for the Zone is \$356,833,583 for the City of Corpus Christi, \$353,059,772 for Nueces County and the County Hospital District, \$358,753,875 for Del Mar College, and \$352,808,877 for Farm to Market Road. Due to outstanding property accounts under value protest, these certified values will increase over time.

Under §311.011(c)(8), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must provide an estimate of the captured appraised value for TIRZ #2 during the years of its existence. The table on the next page provides the projected schedule of taxable value increment captured by the zone over remainder of its duration. Due to differences in policies regarding exemptions and tax abatements, the captured increment differs among the participating jurisdictions. Therefore, there is a table shown for each entity.

Under §311.011(c)(9), the Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan must state the duration of TIRZ #2. The zone has four tax years remaining and will expire after 2022.

# **Estimated Captured Appraised Value**

PROJECTED ASSESSED VALUE					
Tax Year	City of Corpus Christi	Nueces County	Nueces County Hospital District	Del Mar Jr. College	Farm to Market Road
2009	380,825,433	377,027,804	377,027,804	382,757,294	376,776,909
2010	320,245,351	317,347,217	317,347,217	321,720,450	317,163,481
2011	307,194,087	304,974,332	304,974,332	308,324,444	304,840,076
2012	338,655,659	336,353,086	336,353,086	339,828,313	336,214,560
2013	366,192,055	363,803,032	363,803,032	367,408,871	363,660,078
2014	389,702,663	387,223,386	387,223,386	390,965,597	387,075,840
2015	411,435,230	408,861,715	408,861,715	412,746,329	408,709,405
2016	486,191,313	483,312,318	483,312,318	487,658,942	483,142,951
2017	570,745,210	567,519,915	567,519,915	572,390,395	567,331,227
2018	666,451,157	662,832,970	662,832,970	668,297,914	662,622,374
2019	774,856,231	770,791,945	770,791,945	776,931,996	770,556,480
2020	897,728,294	893,157,125	893,157,125	900,064,425	892,893,404
2021	1,037,088,042	1,031,940,526	1,031,940,526	1,039,720,393	1,031,644,672
2022	1,195,245,758	1,189,442,482	1,189,442,482	1,198,215,334	1,189,110,054
ASSESS	ED VALUE INCREM	1ENT			
Tax Year	City of Corpus Christi	Nueces County	Nueces County Hospital District	Del Mar Jr. College	Farm to Market Road
2009	298,311,566	295,295,463	295,295,463	300,048,697	295,195,765
2010	237,731,484	235,614,876	235,614,876	239,011,853	235,582,337
2011	224,680,220	223,241,991	223,241,991	225,615,847	223,258,932
2012	256,141,792	254,620,745	254,620,745	257,119,716	254,633,416
2013	283,678,188	282,070,691	282,070,691	284,700,274	282,078,934
2014	307,188,796	305,491,045	305,491,045	308,257,000	305,494,696
2015	328,921,363	327,129,374	327,129,374	330,037,732	327,128,261
2016	403,677,446	401,579,977	401,579,977	404,950,345	401,561,807
2017	488,231,343	485,787,574	485,787,574	489,681,798	485,750,083
2018	583,937,290	581,100,629	581,100,629	585,589,317	581,041,230
2019	692,342,364	689,059,604	689,059,604	694,223,399	688,975,336
2020	815,214,427	811,424,784	811,424,784	817,355,828	811,312,260
2021	954,574,175	950,208,185	950,208,185	957,011,796	950,063,528
2022	1,112,731,891	1,107,710,141	1,107,710,141	1,115,506,737	1,107,528,910

## LIST OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit A Packery Channel Project Costs and Funding from Project and Financing Plans dated

February 1, 2003

Exhibit B Map of TIRZ #2

Exhibit C Current land use map

Exhibit D Current zoning map

Exhibit E Future land use map

Exhibit F Project Plan Map (Rev'd 10/22/2013; last updated August 21, 2018)

Exhibit G "Six Pack" engineering drawings

Exhibit H Projects with Funds from Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone #2 City of Corpus Christi

Exhibit I Fiscal Year 2020 Reinvestment Zone #2 Budget

025215

ORDINANCE NO. \_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE APPROVING A FINAL PROJECT AND FINANCING PLAN FOR THE "REINVESTMENT ZONE NUMBER TWO, CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS"; APPROVING THE SALE OF BONDS BY NORTH PADRE ISLAND DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION IN FURTHERANCE OF THE FINAL PROJECT AND FINANCING PLAN; AND OTHER MATTERS RELATING THERETO.

WHEREAS, on November 14, 2000, the City Council of the City adopted Ordinance No. 024270 (the "Creation Ordinance"), approving the creation of a tax increment reinvestment zone in the City known as "Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi, Texas" ("TIRZ Two"); and

WHEREAS, in connection with the adoption of the Creation Ordinance and the establishment of TIRZ Two, the City prepared a preliminary reinvestment zone financing plan, and presented the preliminary reinvestment zone financing plan to the governing body of each taxing unit that levies taxes on real property in the proposed reinvestment zone; and

WHEREAS, in compliance with the provisions of Chapter 311, Texas Tax Code (the "Act"), a project plan and reinvestment zone financing plan has been prepared and approved by the Board of Directors of TIRZ Two, which project plan and reinvestment zone financing plan so approved is attached to this Ordinance as Exhibit "A" (the "Plan"); and

WHEREAS, in compliance with the Act, the City Council finds it necessary and desirable to approve the Plan submitted with this Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, by Resolution No. 025040, adopted on October 8, 2002, the City authorized the creation of the North Padre Island Development Corporation (the "Corporation") to aid, assist and act on behalf of the City in the performance of the City's governmental and proprietary functions with respect to the common good and general welfare of the City, as described in the Creation Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, on February 25, 2003 the Corporation adopted a resolution authorizing the issuance and delivery of up to \$3,000,000 in Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 (the "Bonds"), for the purpose of funding a portion of the "project costs" as are set forth in the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Corporation and the Board of Directors of TIRZ Two have approved the execution and delivery of that certain Agreement by and among the City, TIRZ Two, and the Corporation dated as of February 1, 2003 (the "Tri-Party Agreement"), pursuant to which the Corporation was delegated certain power and authority in connection with the implementation of the Plan on behalf of TIRZ Two, including, but not limited to, the power to issue, sell or deliver its bonds, notes or other obligations in accordance with the terms of the Tri-Party Agreement; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds it necessary and advisable to adopt this Ordinance to approve the Plan, as required by the Act, to approve the Tri-Party Agreement, and the approve the resolution of the Corporation that authorized the issuance and delivery of the Bonds.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS:

SECTION 1: That the facts and recitations contained in the preamble of this Ordinance are hereby found and declared to be true and correct.

SECTION 2: That the City Council hereby approves the project plan and the reinvestment zone financing plan attached to this Ordinance as Exhibit "A", as required by Section 311.011 of the Act.

SECTION 3: That the City Council does hereby find and declare that the project and financing plan submitted to the City Council for approval, and hereby approved by the adoption of this Ordinance, is feasible for the development of TIRZ Two and conform to the master plan of the City.

SECTION 4: That the City hereby approves the Resolution adopted by the Corporation, in substantially the form and substance as attached hereto as Exhibit "B", and all documents attached to the Resolution including, without limitation, the Tri-Party Agreement. The Mayor and the City Secretary are hereby authorized to execute, attest, seal and deliver the Tri-Party Agreement on behalf of the City. The issuance of Bonds in an amount not to exceed \$3,000,000 for the purposes described in the Resolution is hereby approved.

SECTION 5: That if any section, paragraph, clause or provision of this Ordinance shall for any reason be held to be invalid or unenforceable, the invalidity or unenforceability of such section, paragraph, clause or provision shall not affect any of the remaining provisions of this Ordinance.

<u>SECTION 6</u>: This Ordinance shall be effective immediately from and after its passage in accordance with the provisions of Section 1201.028, Texas Government Code.

SIGNED AND SEALED THIS 25TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 2003.

Mayor,

City of Corpus Christi, Texas

City Secretary

(SEAL)

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Acting City Attorney

THE STATE OF TEXAS : COUNTY OF NUECES : CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI :

I, the undersigned, City Secretary of the City of Corpus Christi, Texas, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true, full and correct copy of an Ordinance passed by the City Council of the City of Corpus Christi, Texas (and of the minutes pertaining thereto) on the 25th day of February, 2003, approving the project and financing plan for Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi, Texas, and other matters related thereto, which ordinance is duly of record in the minutes of said City Council, and said meeting was open to the public, and public notice of the time, place and purpose of said meeting was given, all as required by Texas Government Code, Chapter 551.

EXECUTED UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL of said City, this the 25th day of February, 2003.

City Secretary, City of Corpus Christi, Texas

(SEAL)

Corpus Christi, Texas							
25h Day of Jebruary, 2003	3						
TO THE MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL Corpus Christi, Texas							
For the reasons set forth in the emergency clause of requiring suspension of the Charter rule as to corregular meetings: I/we, therefore, request that yordinance finally on the date it is introduced, or a	sideration and voting upon ordinances at two you suspend said Charter rule and pass this						
Respectfully,	Respectfully,						
	Samos My						
	Samuel L. Neal, Jr., Mayor City of Corpus Christi						
Council Members							
The above ordinance was passed by the following	g vote:						
Samuel L. Neal, Jr.	llye						
Brent Chesney	asent						
Javier D. Colmenero	alye						
Henry Garrett	<u>abstain</u>						
Bill Kelly	Ubstain						
Rex A. Kinnison	<u> </u>						
John Longoria	aye						
Jesse Noyola	aye						
Mark Scott	aye						
	<u> </u>						

# Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas

Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan

February 25, 2003

# Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi, Texas February 25, 2003

# Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan

# Introduction to The Project and Finance Plan

## General Background

As required under the Tax Increment Financing Act, Chapter 311, Texas Tax Code (the "TIF Act"), the Board of Directors (the "Zone Board") of Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi, Texas (the "Zone"), has prepared this Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan (the "Plan"). The City Council of the City of Corpus Christi, Texas (the "City") and the Zone Board must both adopt this Plan. The Plan includes information concerning proposed land uses and development, estimated project and non-project costs and administrative expenses, engineering studies, proposed financing and economic feasibility data, and property appraisal data. The Plan includes financing of the Zone's portion of the North Padre Island Storm Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project (the "Project"). This Plan sets out the details of the tax and economic benefits derived from development of the Project Site, the scope of the Project, and the financing strategy for funding of Project costs through the issuance of bonds. Complete copies of the Plan, including a report attached to this Plan, as Exhibit A, entitled "Forecast of Potential TIF Revenue Flows on North Padre Island", prepared by Economics Research Associates ("ERA"), which constitutes the economic feasibility study required by the TIF Act, are available from the City of Corpus Christi, Texas, 1201 Leopard Street, Corpus Christi, Texas 78401, Attention: City Secretary.

# North Padre Island Storm Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project

The Project is a project of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (the "Corps") to dredge and channelize a reopened waterway ("Packery Channel") between the Laguna Madre Intracoastal Waterway and the Gulf of Mexico. In addition to the Packery Channel, the Project includes construction by the Corps of two 1,400 foot jetties paralleling the Packery Channel. Of the total \$30,000,000 projected cost of the Project, the City as Project sponsor has agreed to pay \$10.5 million. The remaining Project costs are to be paid by the United States Government. The City has created the Zone for the purpose of raising funds needed to provide the Zone Project costs through the issuance of bonds by the North Padre Island Development Corporation (the "Issuer"), a not-for-profit local government corporation. It was established by the City under the provisions of Chapter 431, Texas Transportation Code, and the general laws of the State of Texas to aid, assist, and act on behalf of the City in the performance of the City's governmental functions and to provide a means of financing certain Project costs in connection with the Zone.

The Corps was directed by the Congress of the United States ("Congress") to carry out a project for ecosystem restoration and storm damage reduction at North Padre Island. The Project will extend the existing approximately 2.6 miles portion of the Packery Channel an additional 0.9 mile.

The Project is described in the Environmental Impact Statement (EIS), as are the benefits and impacts to be expected from the Project. Erosion of the beach in front of the seawall just south of the boundary between Mustang and North Padre Islands is causing a loss of recreational beach. Dredging Packery Channel would provide sand for nourishment of the beach, and an enlarged beach would reduce potential future storm damage. A Project Study Plan, prepared by the Corps in 1999, examined three alternative sites, including Packery Channel. Three different channel widths under three different salinity regimes were also examined to determine the environmental benefits of an opening between the Laguna Madre and the Gulf of Mexico. The environmental

benefits of all alternatives were essentially negligible. The final EIS will be available upon publication by the Corps from the City of Corpus Christi, Texas, 1201 Leopard Street, Corpus Christi, Texas 78401, Attention: City Secretary.

The Project is a project for ecosystem restoration and storm damage reduction consisting of a jettied entrance channel, main channel dredged to a required depth of 14 feet and a bottom width of 116 feet up to the Texas Highway 361 bridge, scour protection for the existing bridge, concrete bulkheads on both sides of the main channel creating three placement areas to create shallow water habitat, continuing with a smaller channel along the existing alignment of Packery Channel from the highway bridge to the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, dredged to a required depth of 7 feet and bottom width of 80 feet, installation of a 30 inch HDDPE pipe for a sand bypass system, beach nourishment on the beach south of the channel and miscellaneous utility removals and relocations.

The Project consists of dredging a 134-foot wide channel to connect the existing Packery Channel to the Gulf of Mexico to a 12-foot deep authorized depth (requiring an initial dredge depth to -14 feet) and dredging the existing channel to a depth of -7 feet (mean sea level) and a width of 80-feet. The total length of the proposed channel from the Gulf end of the jetties to the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway is approximately 18,500 feet (3.5 miles). Approximately 801,200 cubic yards (cy) of material will be dredged during construction, most of which (646,000 cy) will be placed on the beach south of the proposed jetties placement area (PA-4S) for storm damage reduction in front of the existing concrete seawall. Sandy maintenance material from the channel east of the SH 361 bridge will be used for beach nourishment, and a sand bypass system will be designed to move accumulated sand from longshore drift to the downdrift side of the jetties. Approximately 15,000 cy of estimated maintenance dredging every five years will be placed in an upland site.

The Project is to be constructed by the Corps under a proposed Project Cooperation Agreement between The Department of the Army and the City (the "Project Contract"). The Project Contract has not been approved by either the Corps or the City, but the City expects execution of the Project Contract by both parties by Spring 2003. The Plan calls for the remainder of the approximately \$19.5 million needed to complete the Project to be funded by the United States Government under the Project Contract. As of February 25, 2003, Congress has appropriated \$4.0 million for Project construction, but is under no obligation to appropriate the remainder of its share of Project costs.

Once the initial Project is completed, the City will incur costs of maintenance dredging of Packery Channel, as described above. It is anticipated that upon completion of the initial Project, the estimated maintenance dredging will commence in 2008, and the estimated cost of such maintenance dredging in that year will approximate \$350,000. The costs of the maintenance dredging are intended to be paid by the Zone, either from tax increment collections, proceeds from bonds, a combination of those two sources, or other moneys made available to the City or the Zone for such purpose.

Secondary development within the Zone that includes public improvements is being proposed by the City as local sponsor. Secondary development includes proposed park amenities that encompass approximately 14.2 acres providing access to Packery Channel, the beach, and the jetties; passenger and recreational vehicle parking; walkways; restrooms; and vendor facilities. The location of two potential City park areas is proposed along the area nearest the Gulf of Mexico reach of Packery Channel.

The Project, the maintenance dredging of the Packery Channel, and the public improvements associated with the proposed secondary development are found to be "Project Costs" as such term is defined in the TIF Act.

#### The Project Contract

The Project is to be constructed by the Corps under the Project Contract. The Project Contract has not been approved by either the Corps or the City, but the City expects execution of the Contract by both parties by Spring 2003. Under the Project Contract, the Corps, subject to receiving funds appropriated by Congress and using the

funds expected to be provided by the City through the Issuer, would agree to expeditiously construct the Project. The Project Contract recognizes that Congressional appropriations to date are less than the amount of federal funds required for completion of the Project, and that in the event insufficient funds are appropriated for the federal government's share of Project costs, then Project construction will be suspended or the Project Contract terminated. The federal government expressly makes no commitment to seek additional federal funds for the Project.

The City would agree to contribute 35% of the total Project costs, at least five percent of which must be contributed in cash with the remainder being the appraised value of cash or lands, easements, rights-of-way, and suitable burrow and dredged or excavated material disposal areas. The City must deposit its share of projected financial obligations for construction through the first fiscal year of construction within 45 days of notice from the Corps. For each subsequent year, the deposit must be made no later than 60 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

The Project Contract obligates the City to operate, maintain, repair, replace, and rehabilitate the entire Project at no cost to the federal government. The City is seeking transfer of a portion of the maintenance cost to the Corps, but at this time no provision has been made for payment of ongoing maintenance costs. Funding of a maintenance reserve from proceeds of an additional series of Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds is contemplated by this Plan, but there is no assurance that a maintenance reserve will be funded, nor is there any guarantee that if funded the maintenance reserve would be adequate to pay costs of ongoing maintenance dredging.

# Reinvestment Zone Number Two, City of Corpus Christi, Texas

The Zone was created by the City pursuant to the TIF Act to facilitate development of the land within the boundaries of the Zone, a 1,947.01-acre parcel located entirely within the City and the County. The Zone became effective on November 14, 2000, and will terminate on December 31, 2022, or at an earlier time designated by subsequent ordinance of the City, or at such earlier time that all Zone Project Costs, tax increment bonds, and the interest on all tax increment bonds, have been paid in full (the duration of the Zone). The Zone is located on Padre Island, and intersected by State Highway 361 and Park Road 22 leading from the John F. Kennedy Causeway. A map showing the existing uses and conditions of real property in the Zone is attached to this Plan as Exhibit B. A map showing the proposed improvements to and proposed uses of the real property in the Zone is attached to this Plan as Exhibit C.

Pursuant to the TIF Act, the ordinance of the City establishing the Zone also established a Board for the Zone. The Zone Board consists of 12 persons, with one member from each Participant other than the City, and the remainder (but not less than 10) appointed by the City.

<u>Name</u>	<b>Position</b>	Appointed By
Samuel L. Neal	President	City of Corpus Christi
	Vice President	Nueces County
Javier D. Colmenero	Member	City of Corpus Christi
Brent Chesney	Member	City of Corpus Christi
Rex Kinnison	Member	City of Corpus Christi
John Longoria	Member	City of Corpus Christi
Jesse Noyola	Member	City of Corpus Christi
Mark Scott	Member	City of Corpus Christi
Gabriel Rivas	Member	Del Mar College
Cal Jennings	Member	Nueces County Hospital District
Richard Pittman	Member	Flour Bluff Independent School District
John LaRue	Member	Port of Corpus Christi Authority

#### **Existing Land Use**

Existing land-uses within the Zone consist of light commercial development, mixed residential development, vacant unimproved land, and non-developable land, including waterways, roadways and parks. The City has estimated the following current usage within the Zone:

<u>Use</u>	<u>Acres</u>
Vacant	857.1718
Water Area	447.8253
Park	384,5719
Right-of-Way	158.2465
Commercial	33,6232
Medium Density Residential	34.4813
Public/Semi-Public	9.0187
High Density Residential	7.7001
Professional Office	6.0570
Light Industrial	6.5105
Low Density Residential	<u>1.8075</u>
Total	<u>1,947.0138</u>

#### **Infrastructure Requirements for Development**

It is the City's policy that infrastructure required for new development within the Zone will be the responsibility of each landowner or developer, similar to any other development that occurs in the City. The wastewater treatment plant and trunk main collection system is in place and is of sufficient capacity to accommodate new development, and sufficient freshwater supply is available to serve anticipated development within the Zone. There are generally roads and streets throughout the Zone, though individual tracts may require additional street construction, sewer collection lines, or water supply lines for development. The City pays for oversize and extra depth costs associated with water and wastewater extensions that are designed to service property outside or beyond the owner's development. The City participates in street development to pay the additional costs for extra width associated with arterial streets or collectors that are designed to be extended beyond the developer's property. The City also pays for the costs of bridges and culverts to extend streets beyond the developer's property.

#### **Undeveloped Land Within the Zone**

Approximately 857 acres within the Zone are unimproved or underdeveloped land. The City anticipates that such unimproved land will be developed for residential and light commercial use consistent within existing uses, and additional development must occur before the Issuer can provide for the payment of additional Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds (hereinafter defined) required for completion of the Project without adversely affecting the Issuer's ability to pay debt service on the Series 2003 Bonds (hereinafter defined). No representation is made in this Plan with respect to the ultimate development of such property.

#### **Project Costs**

A detailed listing of the proposed public works and public improvements to be undertaken in the Zone, shown by kind, number and location, and the Project costs of the Zone, including, without limitation, the costs of the initial dredging of Packery Channel, the maintenance dredging costs, secondary Project costs, administrative costs of the Zone, and other non-project costs (such as water supply improvements and roads that are not intended to be funded through the operation of the Zone), are set forth in Exhibit D. The estimated amount of bonded

indebtedness to be incurred to pay initial Project costs, and the timing of when related costs and monetary obligations for implementing this Plan are to be incurred, are set forth in Exhibit D. The City currently estimates that the total amount of Issuer debt necessary to be issued for completion of initial Project costs will not exceed \$12,000,000.

Secondary development improvements are to be financed as funding becomes available from surplus tax increments or bonds. The City currently estimates the total amount of Issuer debt that may be issued for secondary developments will not exceed \$3,000,000.

#### The Plan of Finance

The City has created the Zone for the purpose of raising funds needed to provide the City's share of the Project costs, and the Series 2003 Bonds (hereinafter defined) are the first installment of Issuer bonds to be issued for that purpose.

The City, the County, Del Mar College, a junior college district and political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "College") and Nueces County Hospital District, a hospital district and political subdivision of the State of Texas (the "Hospital District") each have agreed to deposit to the Tax Increment Fund established for the Zone (the "Tax Increment Fund") certain tax collections arising from their respective taxation of the increase, if any, in the appraised value of real property located in the Zone since November 14, 2000 (hereinafter defined as the (Dedicated Tax Increments"), through the earlier of December 31, 2022, or the date on which any outstanding obligations payable from the Dedicated Tax Increments are finally paid. The City has entered into separate interlocal agreements (the "Interlocal Agreements") with the County, the College, and the Hospital District which sets forth, among other things, the agreement of the City and County, College, or Hospital District, as applicable, to pay to the Issuer the Dedicated Tax Increments (the "Contract Tax Increments"). The bonds to be issued to fund Project costs are to be payable solely from the Contract Tax Increments and certain other funds on deposit with JPMorgan Chase Bank, Houston, Texas (the "Trustee") or which may be deposited with the Trustee in the future together with earnings and investments thereon (the "Pledged Revenues").

The City, the County, the College, and the Hospital District (each referred to individually herein as a "Participant" and collectively referred to as the "Participants") have agreed to deposit to the Tax Increment Fund the Dedicated Tax Increments, as described herein.

Pursuant to the TIF Act, a taxing unit's tax increment for a year (a "Tax Increment") is the amount of property taxes levied by the unit for that year on the "captured" appraised value of real property taxable by the unit and located in a reinvestment zone. Tax Increments do not result from any increase in the appraised value of personal property (such as equipment or inventory) taxable by the unit and located in a reinvestment zone. The TIF Act defines captured appraised value ("Captured Appraised Value") as the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the unit and located in a reinvestment zone less the tax increment base of the unit. The tax increment base of a taxing unit (the "Tax Increment Base") is the total appraised value of all real property taxable by the unit and located in a reinvestment zone for the year in which the zone was designated. In the case of the Zone, the Tax Increment Base is the total appraised value of all real property in the Zone taxable by the relevant Participants as of January 1, 2000. Tax Increments result only from Captured Appraised Value in the Zone, which consists of 1,947.0138 acres, approximately 542.8184 of which is publicly owned and not taxable. Exhibit A shows (a) the Tax Increment Base of the Zone, (b) the current (as of the date of this Plan) total appraised value of taxable real property in the Zone and (c) the estimated captured appraised value of the Zone during each year of its scheduled existence.

Pursuant to separate Interlocal Agreements between the City and each of the County, the College, and the Hospital District, respectively (the "Interlocal Agreements") the Participants have agreed to deposit all or a portion of their Tax Increments to the Tax Increment Fund. The City, the County, and the Hospital District have agreed to deposit to the Tax Increment Fund 100% of their tax collections on Captured Appraised Value in the

Zone for each tax year that the Zone remains in existence, commencing in tax year 2000. The College has agreed to deposit to the Tax Increment Fund 100% of the its Tax Increments for the first five years (2000-2004) of the Interlocal Agreement, 80% for the sixth year (2005), 60% for the seventh year (2006), 40% for the eighth year (2007), 20% for the ninth year (2008), and none thereafter. The amounts the Participants have agreed to deposit to the Tax Increment Fund are referred to herein as the "Dedicated Tax Increments." The obligations of the Participants to pay Dedicated Tax Increments into the Tax Increment Fund are subject to the rights of any of the holders of bonds, notes or other obligations that have been or are hereafter issued by a Participant that are payable from and secured by a general levy of ad valorem taxes throughout the taxing jurisdiction of that Participant.

# **North Padre Island Development Corporation**

#### The Issuer

The Issuer is a not-for-profit local government corporation and was established by the City under the provisions of Chapter 431, Texas Transportation Code, and the general laws of the State of Texas to aid, assist, and act on behalf of the City in the performance of the City's governmental functions and to provide a means of financing certain Project costs in connection with the Zone. It is governed by a Board of Directors, whose members are appointed by the City Council. On December 17, 2002, the City Council of the City appointed all of the members of the City Council to serve as members of the Corporation.

#### The Bonds

It is anticipated that three series of bonds will be issued by the Issuer to finance the initial costs of the Project. The first series of bonds is anticipated to be issued in the spring of 2003 (the "Series 2003 Bonds"), in connection with the implementation of this Plan. Should bonds be issued to fund the costs of maintenance dredging, it is anticipated that funds for such use would be included in the third series of bonds to be issued.

The Series 2003 Bonds are the first issue of bonds (the "Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds") to be issued by the Issuer. The Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds, including the Series 2003 Bonds, are secured by the Issuer's pledge of payments to be received pursuant to a Tri-Party Agreement among the City, the Zone, and the Issuer (the "Tri-Party Agreement"). Under that agreement, the Contract Tax Increments will be paid into the Tax Increment Fund at the City's depository.

The Bonds will fund a portion of the City's share of the Project Costs. Completion of the Project will require additional funding, which currently is anticipated to be provided through the issuance of additional bonds by the Issuer secured from Dedicated Tax Increments on parity with the Bonds. Secondary development improvements may also be financed from additional bonds. For the Issuer to be able to repay such additional bonds, substantial growth in the taxable values within the Zone must occur, and there is no guarantee that such growth will have been accomplished prior to the timing of funding the remaining phases of the development and completion of the Project. Growth in taxable values within the Zone is dependent on future development of additional taxable improvements. While the City expects that such additional improvements will be constructed if the Packery Channel is completed, there are approximately 1,838 tracts of land within the Zone owned by approximately 1,054 different owners, and neither the Issuer nor the City has any agreement with any landowner for construction of improvements within the Zone, or knowledge that any landowners intend to construct additional improvements. Without future development within the Zone, there can be no guarantee of additional Dedicated Tax Increments sufficient to pay debt service on bonds issued to finance the Project. A projection of the Project costs to be funded with bond proceeds and the sizing of the bond issues to fund those Project costs is set forth in Exhibit D.

#### The Tri-Party Agreement

The City, the Zone and the Issuer will enter into the Tri-Party Agreement. Pursuant to the Tri-Party Agreement, the Issuer will provide certain management and administrative services for the Zone. The Issuer is authorized to issue bonds or enter into other obligations to be repaid from Contract Tax Increments but only with the approval of the City Council. The Issuer agrees to use all Contract Tax Increments in a manner consistent with the Plan. The Tri-Party Agreement provides for duties and responsibilities of the City with respect to Dedicated Tax Increments and provides for duties and responsibilities of the Zone with respect to Dedicated Tax Increments.

The Dedicated Tax Increments are to be deposited when received into the Tax Increment Fund. The City and the Zone will covenant and agree that they will continuously collect the Dedicated Tax Increments from the Participants in the manner and to the maximum extent permitted by applicable law. To the extent the City and Zone may legally do so, they also will covenant and agree that they will not permit a reduction in the Dedicated Tax Increments paid by the Participants. The City will covenant and agree to annually levy, assess and collect its ad valorem taxes in the Zone. The City and the Zone will agree to pay to the Issuer the Contract Tax Increments in consideration for the Issuer funding certain of the Project costs with the proceeds of the Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds.

The obligations of the City and the Zone to pay Contract Tax Increments shall be subject to the Tri-Party Agreement and the rights of any of the holders of bonds, notes or other obligations that have been or are hereafter issued by the City, the County, the College, or the Hospital District that are payable from and secured by a general levy of ad valorem taxes throughout the taxing jurisdiction of the City, County, College, or Hospital District.

It is anticipated that the interests of the Issuer in the Tri-Party Agreement will be assigned to the Trustee for the Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds under the terms of the Indenture pursuant to which such Tax Increment Contract Revenue Bonds are to be issued. The Tri-Party Agreement may be amended with the mutual consent of the parties; however, any amendment must be accompanied by an opinion of counsel to the Issuer to the effect that such amendment will not materially impair the rights of the owners of the Issuer's bonds or other outstanding obligations.

# Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas

## **EXHIBIT A**

Forecast of Potential TIF Revenue Flows on North Padre Island (Final Report)

Dated: August 2002 ERA Project Number: 14663

Final Report

Forecast of Potential TIF

Revenue Flows on North

Padre Island

Submitted to:
The City of Corpus Christi

August 2002

ERA Project Number: 14663

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# **GENERAL LIMITING CONDITIONS**

Every reasonable effort has been made to ensure that the data contained in this study reflect the most accurate and timely information possible, and they are believed to be reliable. This study is based on estimates, assumptions and other information developed by Economics Research Associates from its independent research effort, general knowledge of the industry, and consultations with the client and the client's representatives. No responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies in reporting by the client, the clients agent, and representatives or any other data source used in preparing or presenting this study. No warranty or representation is made by Economics Research Associates that any of the project values or results contained in this study will actually be achieved.

Possession of this study does not carry with it the right of publication thereof or to use the name of "Economics Research Associates" in any manner. No abstracting, excerpting, or summarization of this study may be made. This study may not be used for purposes other than that for which it is prepared. Exceptions to these restrictions may be permitted after obtaining prior written consent from Economics Research Associates. This study is qualified in its entirety by, and should be considered in light of, these limitations, conditions and considerations.

## INTRODUCTION

Economics Research Associates (ERA) was engaged to provide the City of Corpus Christi with estimates of tax increment revenues in the proposed North Padre Island Tax Increment Finance (TIF) district. ERA understands that estimated future tax revenues from the district will be targeted to fund a portion of the development cost of funding the North Padre Island Damage Reduction and Environmental Restoration Project.

This forecast makes use of data provided by the City of Corpus Christi and the Nueces County Appraisal District covering property tax rates, assessed values, and actual historic taxes paid for the defined TIF district. Data from these sources have been assessed to generate a reasonable estimate of potential tax increment revenue.

This report is independent from an earlier report prepared by ERA in the year 2000. This report does not assume any major development in North Padre Island and uses a different methodology to forecast tax revenue in the TIF District.

Some numbers are rounded and might differ from the original database. Although every possible effort has been made to present correct information, some errors might be present due to handling of large data sets in a short time period. However, ERA believes that the results are reasonable and concur with the data available.

ERA would like to thank all staff members at the City of Corpus Christi and the Nueces County Appraisal District for providing us with data in timely fashion that ensured preparing a comprehensive report.

# **APPROACH**

The approach followed by ERA first defines the current baseline assessed and taxable value of the proposed TIF district, using assessment information for land and improvements provided by officials with the City of Corpus Christi and the Nueces County Appraisal District. ERA understands that the base year for the district is calendar year 2000. From this base year value, ERA generates two sets of TIF revenue inputs:

- Forecast growth in the taxable value of currently existing buildings and vacant land in the district over a 20-year period using constant growth rate for all types of properties.
- Forecast growth in the taxable value of currently existing land and development in the district using variable growth rates based on location within the district.

Growth in assessed values and taxes paid for current improvements and vacant land, as well as new development, beyond levels defined in the base year constitute the increment in property tax revenue that can be captured for potential use in the Packery Channel project.

Working with officials at the Nueces County Appraisal District, City officials provided ERA with year 2000 assessed and taxable values for all land and improvements in the proposed TIF district. The following table indicates that the district currently contains vacant land and improvements amounting to \$85,870,603 in taxable value. The table breaks down values between home site and non-home site land and improvements, as well as exemptions and adjustments, to arrive at a total taxable value. Exemptions and adjustments are made for homestead, disabled individuals and veterans, and people over 65. Preliminary assessments for 2001 are \$98,153,611 and for 2002 \$107,588,794.

Table 1. Taxable Value of Land & Improvement, TIF District - 2000

Category	Value
Land - Home Site	\$5,491,354
Land - Non-Home Site	\$23,947,556
Improvements – Home Site	\$42,200,590
Improvements - Non-Home Site	\$17,684,297
Sub-Total	\$89,323,797
Exemptions & Adjustments	\$3,453,194
Total Taxable Value	\$85,870,603

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District

Looking further at the above table, ERA determined that home site improvements include single-family homes as well as higher-density condominium projects on the seawall. This distinction is important because home site land accounts for only 18% of total land assessed value, but home site improvements account for 70% of total improvements.

# **Participating Jurisdictions**

Four jurisdictions are contributing 100% into the tax increment fund for the whole period starting in 2001 through 2022. One jurisdiction, Del Mar Jr. College, is contributing 100% into the tax increment fund for the first 5 years, 80% for the sixth year, 60% for the seventh year, 40% for the eighth year, 20% for the ninth year and 0% thereafter. Three jurisdictions will not participate: Flour Bluff Independent School District (ISD), Port of Corpus Christi and Fire District #2. The following table shows tax rates schedule per \$100 of taxable value.

**Table 2. Tax Rates for Participating Jurisdictions** 

Jurisdictions Providing Increment	ALL Jurisdictions	2001-2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010-2022
City of Corpus Christi	0,644175	0.644175	0.644175	0.644175	0.644175	0.644175	0.644175
Farm to Market Rd.	0.005238	0.005238	0.005238	0.005238	0.005238	0.005238	0.005238
County Hospital	0.228028	0.228028	0.228028	0.228028	0.228028	0.228028	0.228028
Del Mar Jr. Collage	0.21988	0.21988	0.175904	0.131928	0.087952	0.043976	0
Nueces County	0.350242	0.350242	0.350242	0.350242	0.350242	0.350242	0.350242
Port of Corpus Christi	0.002117		$\mathcal{A}^{(n)}(x) = \mathcal{A}(x)$				
Flour Bluff ISD	1.526197						
Fire District #2	0.022200						
TOTAL	2.998077	1.447563	1.40359	1.359611	1.31564	1.27166	1.227683

Note: Assuming tax rates do not change

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, City of Corpus Christi

Regarding the above tax rates, local officials indicated that they did not expect to see unusual growth in the above tax rates in the near future. Following standard TIF modeling guidelines, ERA has taken the above tax rates and held them constant for the duration of the 20-year TIF model. With tax rates held constant, key drivers of the forecast become rates of appreciation for existing improvements and vacant land.

#### Methodology

In order to estimate a reasonable tax revenue flow, ERA made the following assumptions:

- Base tax year is 2000
- 2002 tax rates for each participating jurisdiction are assumed fixed for the whole period (through 2022)
- Tax increment fund starts in 2001
- End of TIF district is 2022
- Packery Channel will be completed in 2004
- The TIF district tax revenue flow is completely independent of any potential major development that could potentially have a great impact on other developments and land value.

- First to Increase: Value of land and current developments with water frontage in the District excluding beach properties will be the first to increase in value due to the opening of Packery Channel, as it would provide direct access to the Gulf of Mexico.
- Magnitude of Increase: Water front properties (vacant land) in the District excluding beach properties will have the greater increase in value compared to properties without water frontage. It is assumed that the value will approach the value of vacant beach properties.

Based on the above assumptions, ERA compiled data from the City of Corpus Christi and the Nueces County Appraisal District to estimate current land and improvement value by location in the District. Using Tax ID data, ERA aggregated properties based on their location by defining 4 distinct locations:

- Beach
- Lake Padre
- Other water front properties
- Non-water front properties

After linking each property to a location, total assessed and taxable values were calculated for each location. Value comparison was established and was later used to estimate growth rates for properties within the District.

ERA also aggregated all values of properties on North Padre Island for the past 10 years to estimate an average calculated average growth rate (CAGR) for the island. This CAGR was then applied in the forecast model.

Tax rates from the participating jurisdictions were then applied to estimate tax revenue flows.

# TIF REVENUE ANALYSIS

## Summary

Two scenarios were developed and are presented in this report. The first scenario applies an annual growth rate of 9% from 2003 through 2012, and 3% annual growth rate from 2013 through 2022 for all properties within the TIF District. The 9.1% annual growth rate represents the CAGR of the assessed values of all properties on Padre Island from 1992 through 2002.

The second scenario applies different annual growth rates for each property type in the TIF district. Waterfront properties on Lake Padre, the canal and on the proposed Packery Channel are estimated to grow at an annual rate of 24% between 2003 and 2007. During the same period, Beach properties and non-waterfront properties are assumed to grow at 9.1%. From 2008 through 2022, all properties are estimated to grow at the inflation rate of 3% per annum. The 24% annual growth rate represents the estimated CAGR of the total taxable value of TIF properties within the five participating jurisdictions from 1996 through 2001.

The two scenarios are conservative and do not assume any new development.

From 2001 through 2022 and using 2000 as the base year, the first scenario generates a total tax revenue of \$63.4 million of which \$38.9 million is the TIF revenue. The second scenario generates a total tax revenue of \$55.9 million of which \$31.3 million is TIF revenue.

A detailed analysis follows.

#### Real Estate Market Discussion

Economics Research Associates conducted a number of telephone interviews with accredited realtors in Corpus Christi and Padre Island. The general consensus has been that over the past three years demand for good properties, defined as those in good repair, modern appliances, visually appealing and have good access, has increased remarkably. This increase in demand, the limited supply, and a strong market let to an increase in prices.

The demand for weekend and seasonal homes from residents of large Texan cities, such as Dallas, Houston and San Antonio is also pushing prices upward. Aging baby-boomers and a healthy economy had lead to strong demand of retirement and seasonal homes in Padre Island. This demand has exceeded the markets ability to supply more housing units.

Another factor in the escalation of price and demand is speculation regarding the Packery Channel, which would connect Lake Padre and the Packery Channel to the Gulf of Mexico. The Channel is perceived as a convenient way to provide access to the Gulf of Mexico from Lake Padre and the intercoastal areas. Some realtors indicated that Lake Padre properties would be more attractive to sailing enthusiasts that would need to be east of the 22-foot bridge to benefit from the Channel. This is assuming a marina is developed on Lake Padre.

Properties without water access, known among realtors as dry or interior properties, on Padre Island can demand a \$10,000-\$15,000 premium over comparable properties in the city. Some realtors indicated that the difference in price between water-accessible and dry properties on Padre Island is too great to characterize.

When asked about Port Aransas and how the market compares to Padre Island. Most realtors indicated that properties in Port Aransas, 20 miles from Corpus Christi, are overpriced and are not comparable in quality. Realtors also indicated that Padre Island has strong attributes and character that would attract investors to develop resorts, something that Port Aransas lacks.

## **TIF Waterfront Properties 2002**

Using the micro level data (property tax records) obtained from the City of Corpus Christi and the Nueces County Appraisal District, ERA was able to compile waterfront properties in the TIF District by location and type.

The TIF District has 1,930.08 acres with a total assessed value of \$107.59 million in 2002. Approximately 51% of land have or will have (after the opening of the Packery Channel) water frontage or 977 acres. Approximately 203 acres or 21% of water front properties are exempt properties. The waterfront properties have a total assessed value of \$65.1 million and a total taxable value of \$60.6 million.

The following tables show waterfront properties by location, land value, improvement value, total exemptions, taxable value, and acreage.

Table 3. Waterfront Properties by Location and Value within the TIF District

Туре	Acres	Land Value	Improvement Value	Total Assessed Value	Taxable Value
Condos		<u>, ·                                     </u>			
Beach	13.45	\$2,450,499	\$28,962,543	\$31,413,042	\$29,048,886
Across from the Beach	3.61	\$281,352	\$3,902,799	\$4,184,151	\$3,533,871
Other - Lake Padre, Canal	10.93	\$1,459,001	\$11,600,220	\$13,059,221	\$11,503,641
Lake Padre	470.66	\$4,591,013	\$938,742	\$5,529,755	\$5,517,325
Beach	53.20	\$2,577,105	\$4,355,083	\$6,932,188	\$6,932,188
Exempt	202.86	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Other	222.24	\$2,517,234	\$1,669,836	\$4,187,070	\$4,054,928
TOTAL WATER PROPERTIES	976,95	\$13,876,204	\$51,429,223	\$65,305,427	\$60,590,839

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

Most of the condominium properties are older developments dating to mid 1980s especially the ones with a beach frontage. Most of the properties on Lake Padre are parcels of vacant land. The other non-classified properties are parcels located on the Canal and what would be on the Packery Channel.

Land value, as expected, increase as it approaches the Beach. The most expensive land parcels are those of condominium with beach frontage with over \$180,600 per acre. The second highest, on average, are condominium properties on Lake Padre with \$133,500 per acre followed by condominium properties located across from the Beach. As expected developed land, although with indirect beach frontage has more value than undeveloped beach parcels. It is plausible to assume that the value of land parcels with beach frontage would more than quadruple in value after it is developed.

The following Table shows average assessed value per acre by location.

**Table 4. Average Assessed Land Value by Location** 

Туре	Acres	Average Land Value (\$/Acre)
Waterfront Properties		· ·
Condos		
Beach	13.45	\$180,623
Across from the Beach	3.61	\$77,840
Other - Lake Padre, Canal	10.93	\$133,448
Lake Padre	470.66	\$9,754
Beach	53.20	\$48,442
Exempt	202.86	\$0
Other	222.24	\$11,327
TOTAL WATER PROPERTIES	976.95	\$17,897

Note: Total average land value excludes exempt properties

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

There are 16 condominium developments in the TIF district, of which four are located on the beach, three are located across from the beach and the remainder is located on Lake Padre, the canal and Packery Channel. The most expensive condominiums are those with a direct beach frontage. The following table shows average assessed value per condominium by water frontage location

**Table 5. Average Condominium Assessed Value by Water frontage** 

Туре	Total Condo Units	Average Condo Assessed Value		
Condos				
Beach	324	\$96,305		
Across from the Beach	115	\$36,384		
Other - Lake Padre, Canal	399	\$32,730		

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

The following table shows condominium properties by location, acreage, number of units, and average condominium assessed value.

**Table 6. Condominium Properties in the TIF District** 

Property Name	Water Frontage Location	Acreage	Total Land Value	Total Improvements	Total Assessed Value	Total Taxabie Value	Number of Units	Avg. Condo Value
El Constante	Beachfront	3.05	<b>\$</b> 531,178	<b>\$</b> 5,317, <b>12</b> 4	\$5,848,302	\$5,581,554	69	\$84,758
Padre Island- Gulfstream	Beachfront	4.78	\$885,669	\$13,272,754	\$14,158,423	<b>\$13,239,239</b>	130	\$108,911
La Casa Del Sol	Lake Padre	0.70	\$94,134	\$889,071	\$983,205	\$983,205	24	\$40,967
Lakeshore Villas	Lake Padre	1.26	<b>\$</b> 153,552	\$1,586,544	\$1,740,096	\$1,459,835	24	<b>\$7</b> 2,504
Leeward Isles	Lake Padre	2.58	\$168,810	\$2,761,688	\$2,930,498	\$2,897,168	87	\$33,684
Leeward Cove	Lake Padre	0.61	\$75,632	\$585,521	\$661,153	\$646,153	16	\$41,322
Lorimar Place	Canal - 2 blocks from beach	0.43	\$71,650	\$303,335	\$374,985	<b>\$</b> 374,985	10	<b>\$37,</b> 499
Mystic Harbor	Packery Channel	0.94	\$122,904	\$1,185,002	\$1,307,906	\$1,175,954	32	\$40,872
Seahorse	Across the street from Beach	1.03	\$78,814	\$1,189,358	\$1,268,172	<b>\$</b> 1,017,892	26	\$48,776
Nautilus Galleria	Across the street from Beach	1.03	\$67,502	<b>\$1,219,28</b> 9	\$1,286,791	<b>\$</b> 1,051,791	45	<b>\$28,</b> 595
Pirates Crossing & Seascape Villa	Lake Padre	0.53	<b>\$</b> 184,591	\$1,233,405	<b>\$</b> 1,41 <b>7</b> ,996	\$1,337,959	36	\$39,389
Portofino	Beachfront	2.31	\$483,538	\$5,372,008	\$5,855,546	\$5,130,665	53	\$110,482
Mariners Cay	Canal - 2 blocks from beach	3.51	\$539,544	<b>\$2,</b> 49 <b>7</b> ,196	<b>\$</b> 3,036,740	<b>\$2,2</b> 61,740	136	\$22,329
Padre Island - Surfside	Across the street from Beach	1.55	\$135,036	\$1,494,152	\$1,629,188	\$1,464,188	44	\$37,027
Padre Isle - Island House	Beachfront	3.31	\$528,142	\$4,812,272	<b>\$</b> 5,340,414	\$5,097,429	72	<b>\$74</b> ,1 <b>72</b>
Sand Dollar	Canal	0.37	<b>\$</b> 48,184	<b>\$</b> 558,458	\$606,642	\$366,642	34	\$17,842
Total		27.99	\$4,168,880	\$44,277,177	\$48,446,057	\$44,086,398	838	\$57,812

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates



Beach properties other than condominiums are made up of 31 vacant parcels and one developed parcel which is the Holiday Inn with an assessed value of \$4.5 million. There are 12 vacant parcels that range in size from one to approximately seven acres with the largest being 6.98 acres. Most of the remainder parcels are approximately half an acre. There are 10 (0.51 acres) parcels that are valued at \$56,250 each or an average of \$110,294 per acre. These are the most valued parcels on the beach.

The next three tables summarize properties by Tax ID. The first table lists all properties on Lake Padre, the second table shows all other (Canal, Packery Channel, non-classified) water front properties that are non-exempt and the last table shows all exempt properties.

**Table 7. Lake Padre Properties by Tax ID** 

TAX ID	Total Land Value	Total Improvements	Assessed	Total Taxable Value	Acreage
6180-	\$1,636,741	\$820,671	\$2,457,412	\$2,444,982	20.85
6185-	\$1,136,341	\$0	\$1,136,341	\$1,136,341	23.75
6175-	\$225,114	\$65,880	\$290,994	\$290,994	5.01
6125-	\$1,309,302	\$52,191	\$1,361,493	\$1,361,493	286.05
6195-	\$283,515	\$0	\$283,515	\$283,515	135
Total	\$4,591,013	\$938,742	\$5,529,755	\$5,517,325	470.66

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

**Table 8. Other Non-Exempt Water Front Properties** 

TAX ID	Total Land Value	Total Improvements	Total Assessed Value	Totat Taxable Value	Acreage	Legal Description
3730-	\$152,759	\$111,409	\$264,168	<b>\$</b> 264,168	8.05 Isla	nd Fairway Estates
4793-	<b>\$7</b> 91,199	\$276,447	\$1,067,646	\$1,067,646	6.75 Ma	riners Cay Lots
6170-	\$584,752	\$0	\$584,752	\$584,752	7.58 PA	DRE ISLAND SEC B
6205-	\$735,000	\$0	\$735,000	\$735,000	60 PA	DRE ISLAND SEC 18
1115-	\$174,019	\$0	\$174,019	\$174,019		YAN WM SUR 606 LS 129.964 ACS ICL
1717-	\$79,505	\$1,281,980	\$1,361,485	\$1,229,343	1.00 Cor uni	mpass Townhomes - 13 ts
Total	\$2,517,234	\$1,669,836	\$4,187,070	\$4,054,928	222.24	

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates



**Table 9. Exempt Properties** 

TAX ID	Name	Acreage
111500000010	STATE OF TEXAS	138.87
111500000050	STATE OF TEXAS	4.03
373000030050	FLOUR BLUFF IND SCHOOL DI	6.5
616500451400	CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI	3.46
619000000005	STATE OF TEXAS	0
625200000010	NUECES CO	20
625200000020	NUECES COUNTY TRUSTEE	30
Total		202.86

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

### **Growth Rates**

Using available data, ERA conducted trend analysis for various areas to establish a trend in property growth rates on Padre Island and in the participating jurisdictions. These growth rates are later used in the forecast models to estimate TIF revenue.

### Padre Island

Using micro level data, ERA compiled the assessed values for all properties in North Padre Island from 1992 to 2002. In 1992, total assessed value for properties on Lake Padre and on the beach were high and decreased in the following years. This is the main reason for the negative CAGR for beach properties and the small figure (less than one percent) for Lake Padre properties for the 10-year period. North Padre Island, in total, including waterfront and non-waterfront properties had a CAGR of 9.1%, i.e., properties grew on average 9.1% per year between 1992 and 2002. The following table summarizes growth rates for Padre Island by location of properties.

Table 10. Padre Island Growth Rates by Location - 1992-2002

Year	Padre Island (All Properties)	Waterfront Condos	Lake Padre	Beach	Other Waterfront	Non- Waterfront
CAGR 1992-2002	9.10%	5.99%	0.77%	-3.96%	2.03%	10.19%
CAGR 1993-2002	10.14%	7.27%	5.45%	-2.30%	2.39%	11.06%

Source: Nueces County Appraisal District, Economics Research Associates

### **TIF Revenue Conclusions**

The following tables summarize the TIF District's estimated taxable value, grand total tax revenue and the incremental tax revenue from 2001 through 2022. Scenario 1 reflects an overall average annual growth rate of 9.1% from 2003 through 2012 and an annual growth rate of 3% from 2013 onwards. Scenario 2 reflects annual increase in taxable value of 24% for properties on Lake Padre and other water front properties excluding beach properties. Beach properties, existing condominium properties and properties without water frontage increase 9% in taxable value from 2003 through 2007 and 3% from 2008 onwards.

Table 11. Scenario 1. TIF District Taxable Value and Revenue, 2001 – 2022

	2001-2005	2006-2010	2011-2015	2016-2020	2021-2022
Taxable Value	\$590,873,474	\$909,709,774	\$1,300,406,021	\$1,523,320,994	\$675,226,929
Grand Total Tax Revenue	\$8,553,266	\$11,899,730	\$15,964,864	\$18,701,553	\$8,289,646
Incremental TIF Revenue	\$2,338,110	\$6,251,011	\$10,693,770	\$13,430,459	\$6,181,209
Accumulated TIF Revenue	\$2,338,110	\$8,589,122	\$19,282,891	\$32,713,350	\$38,894,559

Source: City of Corpus Christi, Nueces County Appraisal District, and Economics Research Associates

Table 12. Scenario 2. TIF District Taxable Value and Revenue, 2001 - 2022

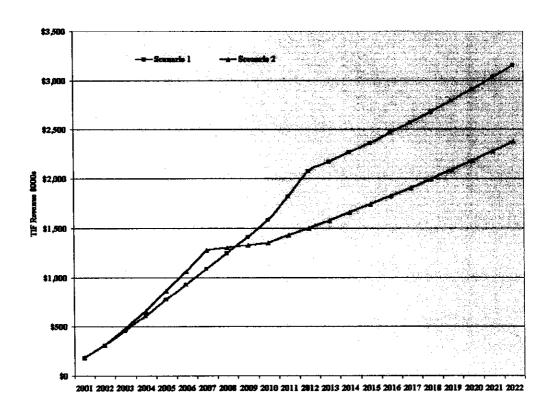
<del></del>	2001-2005	2006-2010	2011-2015	2016-2020	2021-2022
Taxable Value	\$601,808,948	\$912,635,163	\$1,072,871,721	\$1,243,752,371	\$551,305,402
Grand Total Tax Revenue	\$8,711,564	\$11,971,610	\$13,171,464	\$15,269,336	\$6,768,283
Incremental TIF Revenue	\$2,496,408	\$6,322,891	\$7,900,370	\$9,998,242	\$4,659,845
Accumulated TIF Revenue	\$2,496,408	\$8,819,299	\$16,719,669	\$26,717,912	\$31,377,757

Source: City of Corpus Christi, Nueces County Appraisal District, and Economics Research Associates



The following exhibit shows the growth in the TIF revenue from both scenarios.

### Exhibit 1. TIF Revenue Schedule, Scenarios 1 and 2



The following table shows taxable values, grand tax revenue and incremental TIF revenue from the two scenarios in thousands of dollars.

Table 13. TIF Taxable Value and Tax Revenue Schedule, Scenarios 1 and 2 – 2001-2022 (\$000s)

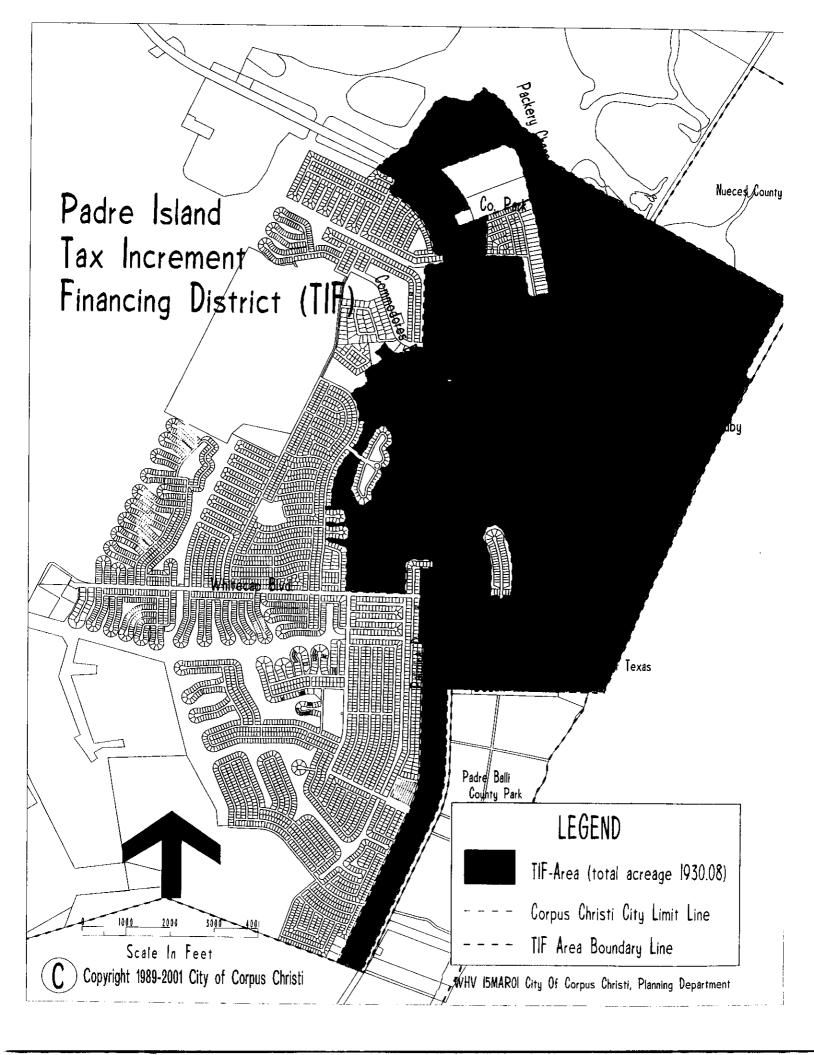
YEAR	TAXABAL	E VALUE	GRAN REVE		TIF RE	VENUE
	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
2001	\$98,514	\$98,514	\$1,426	<b>\$</b> 1,426	\$183	\$183
2002	\$107,589	\$107,589	\$1,557	\$1,557	\$314	\$314
2003	\$117,376	\$118,803	\$1,699	\$1,720	\$456	\$477
2004	\$127,940	\$131,379	\$1,852	\$1,902	\$609	<b>\$</b> 659
2005	\$139,455	\$145,524	\$2,019	\$2,107	\$776	\$864
2006	\$152,006	\$161,483	\$2,134	\$2,267	\$928	\$1,061
2007	\$165,686	\$179,546	\$2,253	\$2,441	\$1,085	\$1,274
2008	\$180,598	\$184,932	\$2,376	\$2,433	\$1,246	\$1,303
2009	\$196,852	\$190,480	\$2,503	\$2,422	\$1,411	\$1,330
2010	\$214,568	\$196,194	\$2,634	\$2,409	\$1,580	\$1,354
2011	\$233,880	\$202,080	\$2,871	\$2,481	\$1,817	\$1,427
2012	\$254,929	\$208,143	\$3,130	\$2,555	\$2,075	\$1,501
2013	\$262,577	\$214,387	\$3,224	\$2,632	\$2,169	\$1,578
2014	\$270,454	\$220,819	\$3,320	\$2,711	\$2,266	\$1,657
2015	\$278,567	\$227,443	\$3,420	\$2,792	\$2,366	\$1,738
2016	\$286,924	\$234,266	\$3,523	\$2,876	\$2,468	\$1,822
2017	\$295,532	\$241,294	\$3,628	\$2,962	\$2,574	\$1,908
2018	\$304,398	•	\$3,737	\$3,051	\$2,683	\$1,997
2019	\$313,530	•	\$3,849	\$3,143	\$2,795	\$2,089
2020	\$322,936		\$3,965		\$2,910	\$2,183
2021	\$332,624	•	\$4,084			
2022	\$342,603		•		•	
TOTAL	\$63,409	\$55,892	\$4,999,537	\$4,382,374	\$38,895	\$31,378

Source: City of Corpus Christi, Nueces County Appraisal District, and Economics Research Associates

## Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas

### **EXHIBIT B**

Map: Existing Uses and Conditions in the Zone

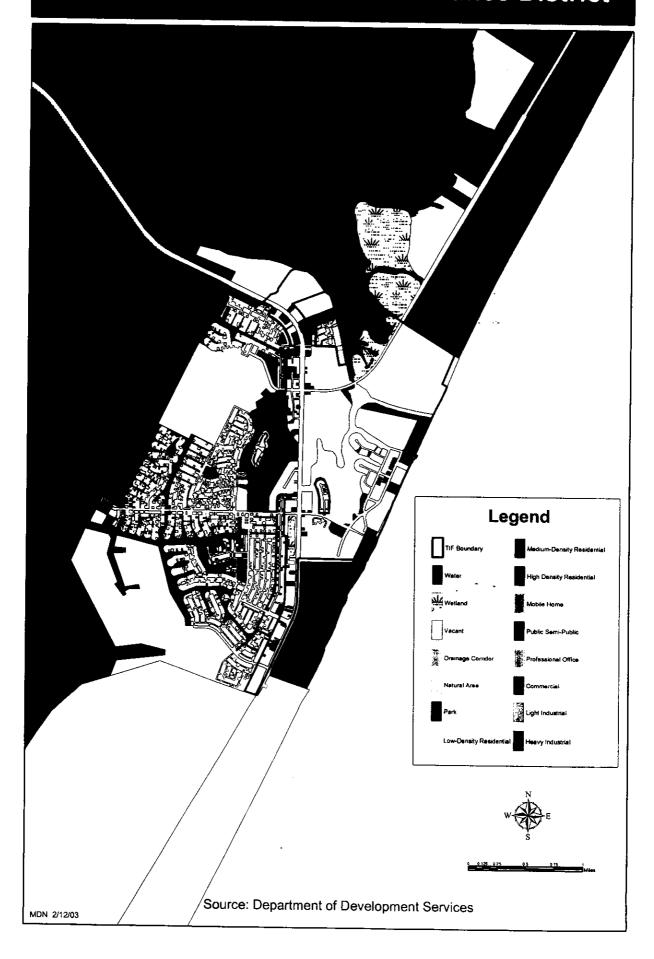


### Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas

### **EXHIBIT C**

Map: Proposed Improvements and Proposed Uses of Real Property in the Zone

## **Padre Island Tax Increment Finance District**



### Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas

### **EXHIBIT D**

**Project Costs and Estimated Cash Flows** 

### Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas Packery Channel Project Costs and Funding

Project Costs	Total	Zone Two	Corps of Engineers
Land, easements, ROW	\$236,200	\$82,670	\$153,530
Demolition	20,834	7,292	13,542
Utility relocation	104,073	36,426	67,647
Site preparation	74,219	25,977	48,242
Reach 2	•	0	. 0
Mobilization & demobilization	486,881	170,408	316,473
Dredging	602,939	211,029	391,910
Reach 1	·	. 0	0
Mobilization & demobilization	1,348,383	471,934	876,449
Dredging	2,912,120	1,019,242	1,892,878
Overdepth	425,236	148,833	276,403
	483,774	169,321	314,453
Placement in placement areas	1,382,386	483,835	898,551
Concrete bulkheads	2,369,894	829,463	1,540,431
Anchored concrete bulkheads	0	. 0	0
Containment sheetpile/cap	o	0	0
Sand bypass pipe	321,421	112,497	208,924
Bridge scour protection	743,041	260,064	482,977
Jetty construction	9,738,800	3,408,580	6,330,220
Walkway curbing	0	0	C
Concrete walkway	1,502,309	525,808	976,501
Planning, engineering & design	2,737,680	958,188	1,779,492
Construction management	1,817,640	636,174	1,181,466
Maintenance dredging reserve(a)	1,400,000	1,400,000	C
Mitigation costs	1,250,000	437,500	812,500
Mollie Beattie monitoring	541,000	189,350	351,650
Parking lot(b)	750,000	750,000	Ċ
Parks & recreation center(b)	2,000,000	2,000,000	(
Financing, contingency reserves & rounding	1,410,683	1,410,683	
	\$34,659,513	\$15,745,274	\$18,914,240
Funding Sources	<del></del>		
Corps of Engineers	\$18,914,240		\$18,914,240
Series 2003 Bonds	2,500,000	\$2,500,000	
Series 2004 Bonds	4,300,000	4,300,000	
Series 2005 Bonds	4,330,000	4,330,000	
Utility and Land Credit	340,273	340,273	
General Land Office Grant	1,275,000	1,275,000	
Surplus Tax Increments or Bonds(b)	3,000,000	3,000,000	
	\$34,659,513	<b>\$</b> 15,745, <i>2</i> 73	\$18,914,240

<sup>(</sup>a) Manintenance dredging reserve either to be financed from the proceeds of Series 2005

Bonds or as funds become available from surplus tax increments, or a combination thereof.

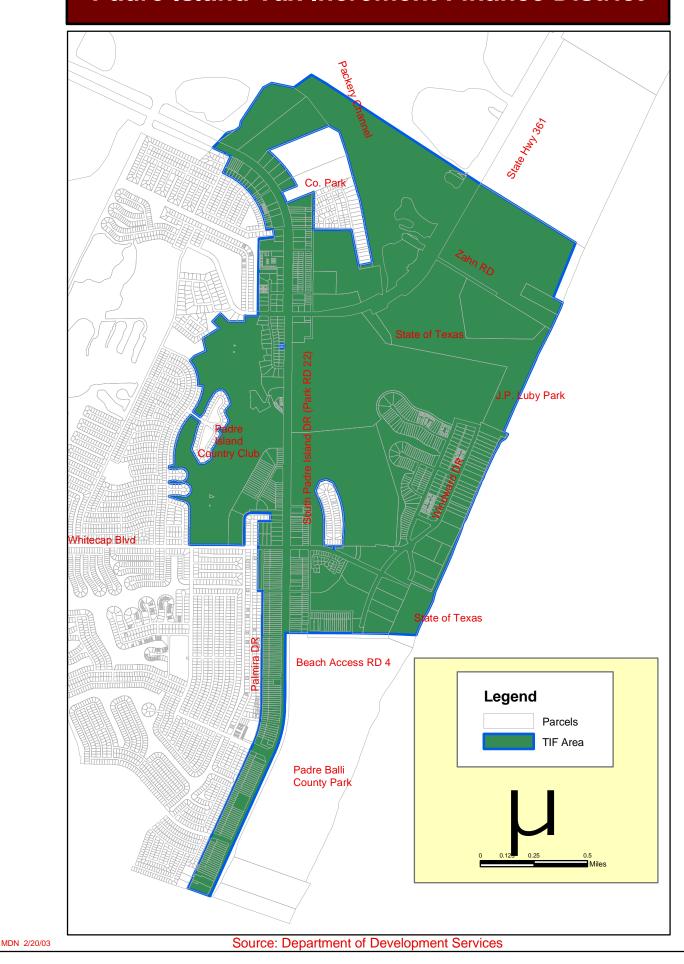
<sup>(</sup>b) Parks & recreation center and parking lot to be financed as funding becomes available from surplus tax increments or bonds, or a combination thereof.

					:	Reinvestme City of Co Paci	Reinvestment Zone Number Two City of Corpus Christi, Texas Packery Channel Bond Fund	exas	:				
Assumptions: COE - \$0.0 million City Maint Res froi GLO Grant Maintenance annu Interest Income: Interest Income: Required End Fun Required End Fun	Assumptions: COE - \$0.0 million maintenal City Maint Res from Bonds GLO Grant Maintenance amusi Inc: Interest income: Required Bnd Fund Balance Productived and sylance	Assumptions: COE - \$0.0 million maintenance City Maint Res from Bonds GLO Grant Maintenance annual Inc: Interest income: Required End Fund Balance Dood interest rates:		1,400,000 1,275,000 2,0006 1,6976 3,000,000 7,5004	:	Bonds Issued: Ser 2003 - Mar 03 Ser 2004 - Jan 04 Ser 2005 - Jan 05		2,500,000 4,300,000 4,330,000 11,130,000		Tax Increment Base: 2002 Net Appraised Value: 2002 Net Appraised Value:	e: of Value: 1 Value:	88,018,076 107,580,782 102,440,534	
				Pledged Rav	venues		Debt 8	Debt Service					Funds
£ ;	ž,	Beginning Bond Fund	Captured Value Zone Resi Procedus)	Projected TIF Revenue (b)	Bond Fund Interest Earnings	Series 2003	Series 2004	Series 2005	Total	Fees & Dynamaes (c)	Annual Cash Flow	TIF Ending Bond Fund Balance	Available for Meintenance Dredging
٤		Dentille										61,168	•
2002	200	3		181 974	1 132	•				15,000	168,106		ı
503	2002	901,168 470,000	32 933 000	477,000	4242	194,792			194,792	15,000	271,450		•
	3 8	500 724		000'699	9,263	187,500		ı	563,750	15,000	89,513	550,237	• '
900	200	590,237		864,000	10,919	187,500	•	378,875	888,875	15,000	(20,00) 22,000)		
2007	200	561,281		1,061,000	10,384	187,500		324/30	834,730 834,750	, t	438 734	•	•
2008	2007	782,915		1,274,000	44. K	187,500	322,500	324,750	834,750	15,000	475,851		•
2009	2008 2008	1,221,649	99,062,000	1,303,000	24 F	187,500		324 750	834,750	15,000	511,654		,
5 5	8 8	2,209,488	•	1,354,000	40,869			324,750	834,750	15,000	545,119	2 754 272	382 477
2012	8	2,754,272		1,427,000	50,954			324,750	4 1450 375	15,000	389,125		389,125
2013	2012	3,000,000	•	1,501,000	55,50 5,50 6,50 6,50 6,50 6,50 6,50 6,50	283,750	507 500		1,196,000	15,000	423,500		423,500
2014	É	3,000,000	000,715,821	1.657.000	95 30 20 30 30 30				1,261,250	15,000	436,250		436,250 25,050
202	5 5 4 4	000000		1,738,000	55,500				1,416,250	15,000	362,250		362,230
242	2016	3,000,000	•	1,822,000	55,500				1,460,000	15,000	356,000		36,000
2018	2947	3,000,000		1,908,000	55,500				1 517 500	5,000	520,000		520,000
2019	2018	3,000,000	•	1,997,000	25,500 15,500	312,500	380,000	876.250	1731.250	15,000	398,250		398,250
2020	200	3,000,000		2,089,000	900 900 900 900 900				1 826,250	15,000	397,250		397,250
333	250	900,000	185 700 000	2,183,000	55,500				1,906,250	15,000	414,250		414,250
202	7 K	3,000,000	· 	2,380,000	55,500			830,000	1,971,250	15,000	449,250	3,000,000	007.684
	i			31,063,974	806,751	5,488,542	9,180,000	9,017,250	23,685,792	315,000			4,931,102
										•			

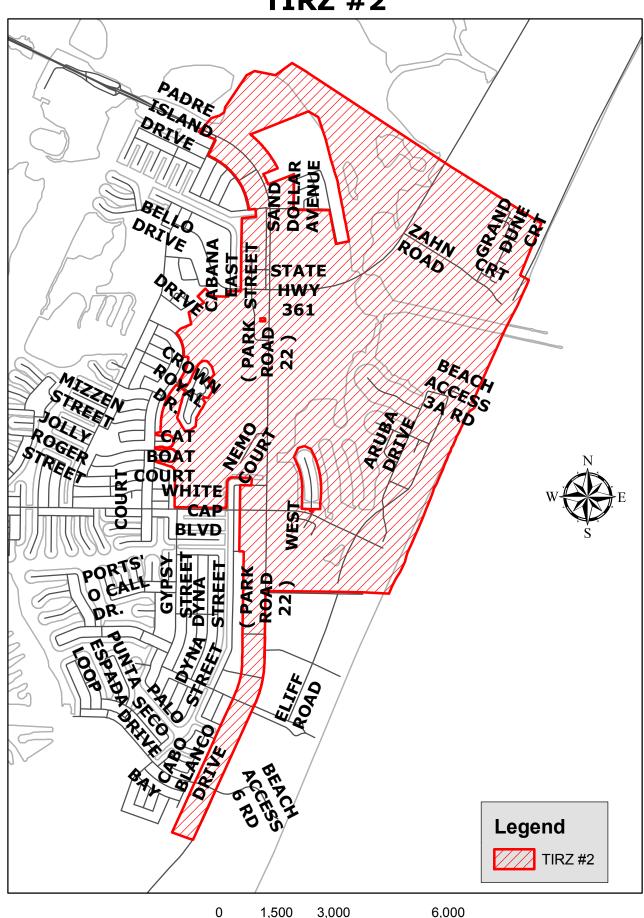
(a) Tax years 2001 & 2002 - Net Appraised Value less Base Value. All other years - ERA August 2002 report - Scenario 2, forecasted Total Appraised Values less ERA Base Value.
(b) Source: FY 2003 - Adopted budget. FY 2003 through FY 2003 - ERA August 2002 report - Scenario 2.
(c) TrustberPaying Agent fees of \$5,000 and TIRZ Administrative Expenses of \$10,000 emmually.

:			Ma	Maintenance Dredging Costs	lannei dging Costs				
Assumptions:						•			
Required Bnd Fund Balance	8		3,000,000						
City Maint Res from Bonds	•		1,400,000						
Starting Maintenance Expense:	ense:		350,000						
Maintenance annual incr.			2.00%						
Interest income:			1.85%						
	Res	Resources Available for Maintenance Dredging	ble for Mainte	nance Dredgi	gui				
						Start -up and	Total		; ; ;
Tax	Beginning	Transfer from	Maintenance Interest	Maintenance Reserve from	Total	Maimenance Dredging	Available Less		Ending Balance Affer
7/31 Year B	Batance	Bond Fund	Eamings	Bonds	Available	Expense	Expenses	City Advance City Advance	City Advanc
2002 2001	0	0			0				0
_	0	•	0	0	0	232,747	(232,747)	232,747	•
	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	1,400,000	1,400,000	0	1,400,000	0	1,400,000
2002	1,400,000	0	25,900		1,425,900	0	1,425,900	0	1,425,900
	1,425,900	0	26,379		1,452,279	0	1,452,279	0	1,452,279
2007	1,452,279	0	26,867		1,479,146	350,000	1,129,146	0	1,129,146
2009 2008 1	1,129,146	0	20,889		1,150,036	357,000	793,036	0	793,036
	793,036	0	14,671		807.707	364,140	443,567	0	443,567
	443,567	0	8,206		451 773	371,423	80,350	0	80,350
	80,350	382,477	1,486		464,313	378,851	85,462	0	85,462
	85,462	389,125	- 58		476,168	386,428	89,739	o	89,739
	86,739	423,500	1,860		514,900	394,157	120,743	0	120,743
	120,743	436,250	2,234		559,226	402,040	157,186	0	157,186
	157,186	362,250	2,908		522,344	410,081	112,264	0	112,264
	112,264	402,500	2,077		516,840	418,282	98,558	0	98,558
	86,558 8	356,000	1,823		456,381	426,648	29,733	0	29,733
	29,733	520,000	95 95		550,283	435,181	115,102	0	115,102
	115,102	396,250	2,129		515,482	443,885	71,597	0	71,597
	71,597	397,250	1,325		470,172	452,762	17,409	0	17,409
2022 2021	17,409	414,250	322		431,981	461,818	(29,836)	29,836	o
	。'	449,250	0		449,250	471,054	(21,804)	21,804	•
		4.931.102	141.008	1,400,000		6 756 497		284 387	

## **Padre Island Tax Increment Finance District**



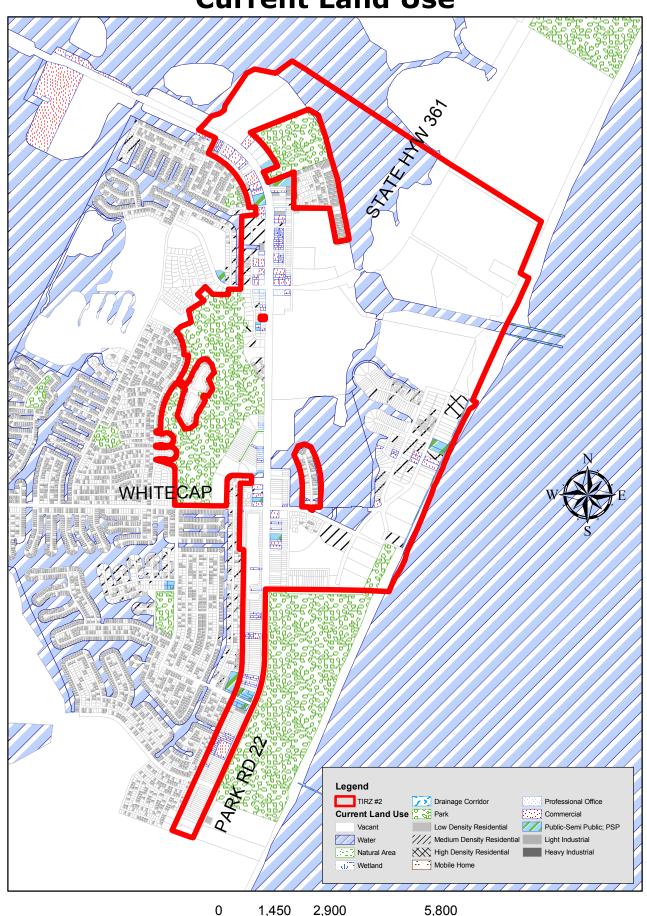
# CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS TIRZ #2



⊐ Feet

Printing Date: 8/26/2009
File: H:\PLN-DIR\SHARED\GIS Projects\Legal\TIRZ2\tirz2.mxd
Prepared By: MikeN
© City of Corpus Christi, Texas

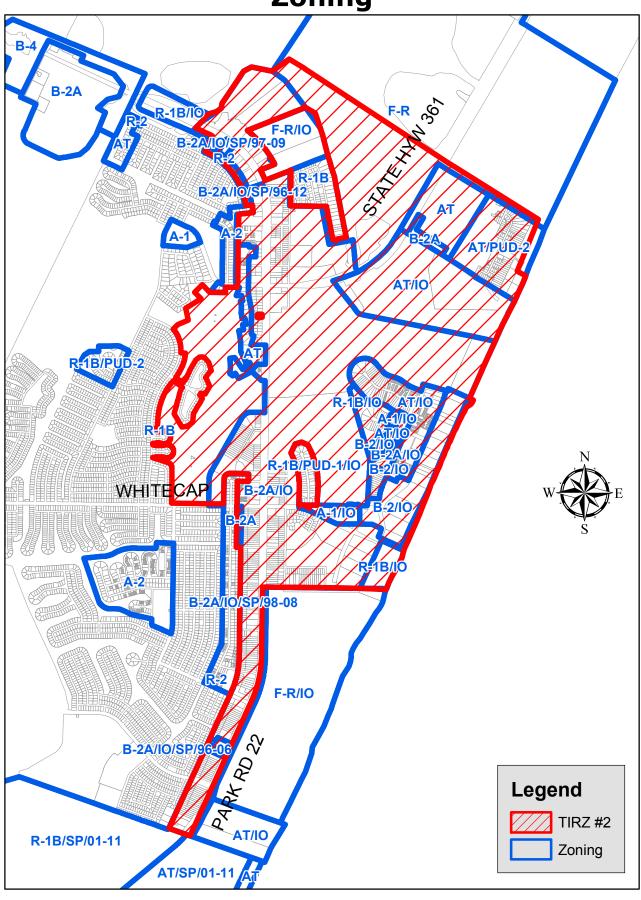
## CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS TIRZ #2 **Current Land Use**



\_ Feet

Printing Date: 8/26/2009 File: H:\PLN-DIR\SHARED\GIS Projects\Legal\TIRZ2\clu.mxd Prepared By: MikeN © City of Corpus Christi, Texas

## CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS TIRZ #2 **Zoning**



1,350

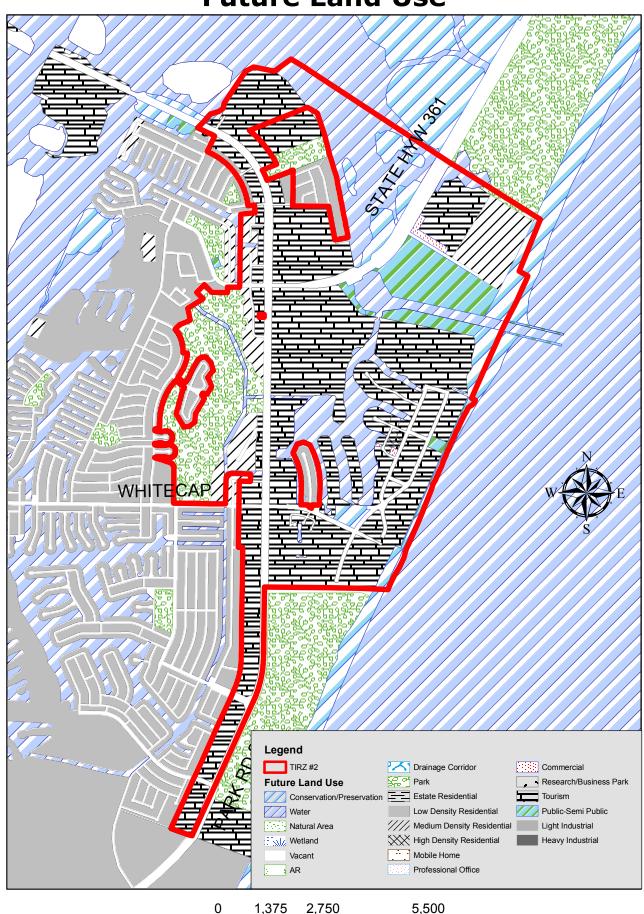
2,700

5,400

⊐ Feet

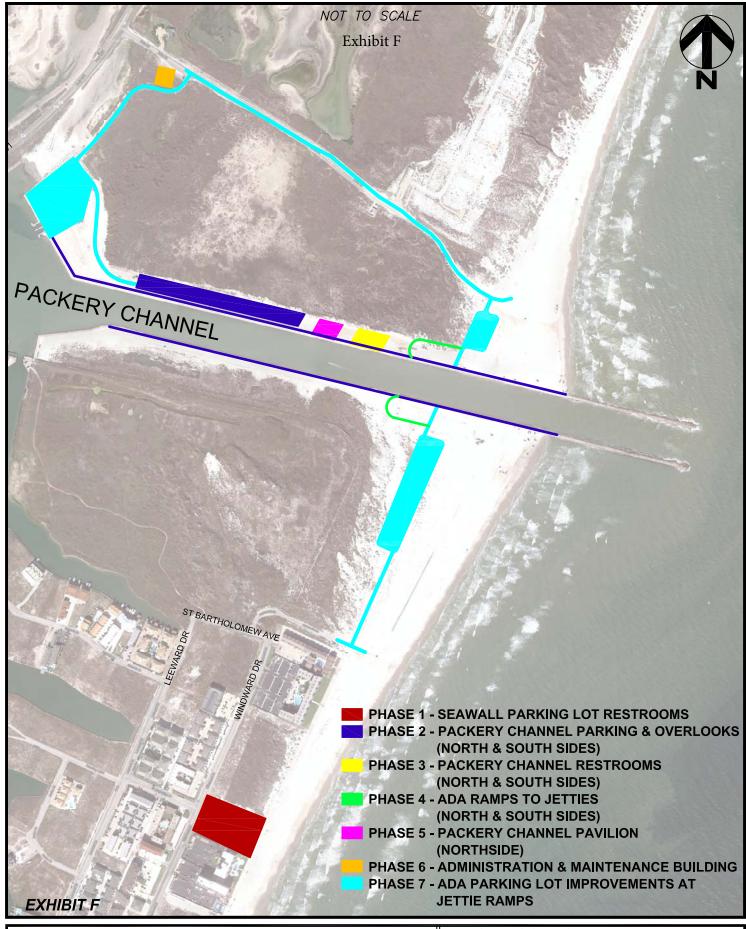
Printing Date: 8/26/2009 File: H:\PLN-DIR\SHARED\GIS Projects\Legal\TIRZ2\zoning.mxd Prepared By: MikeN © City of Corpus Christi, Texas

## CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS TIRZ #2 **Future Land Use**



⊐ Feet

Printing Date: 8/26/2009 File: H:\PLN-DIR\SHARED\GIS Projects\Legal\TIRZ2\flu.mxd Prepared By: MikeN © City of Corpus Christi, Texas



PACKERY CHANNEL
SIX PACK
PROJECT LOCATION MAP

### CITY COUNCIL EXHIBIT

CITY OF CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF ENGINEERING SERVICES

PAGE: 1 of 1

DATE: 10/08/2013

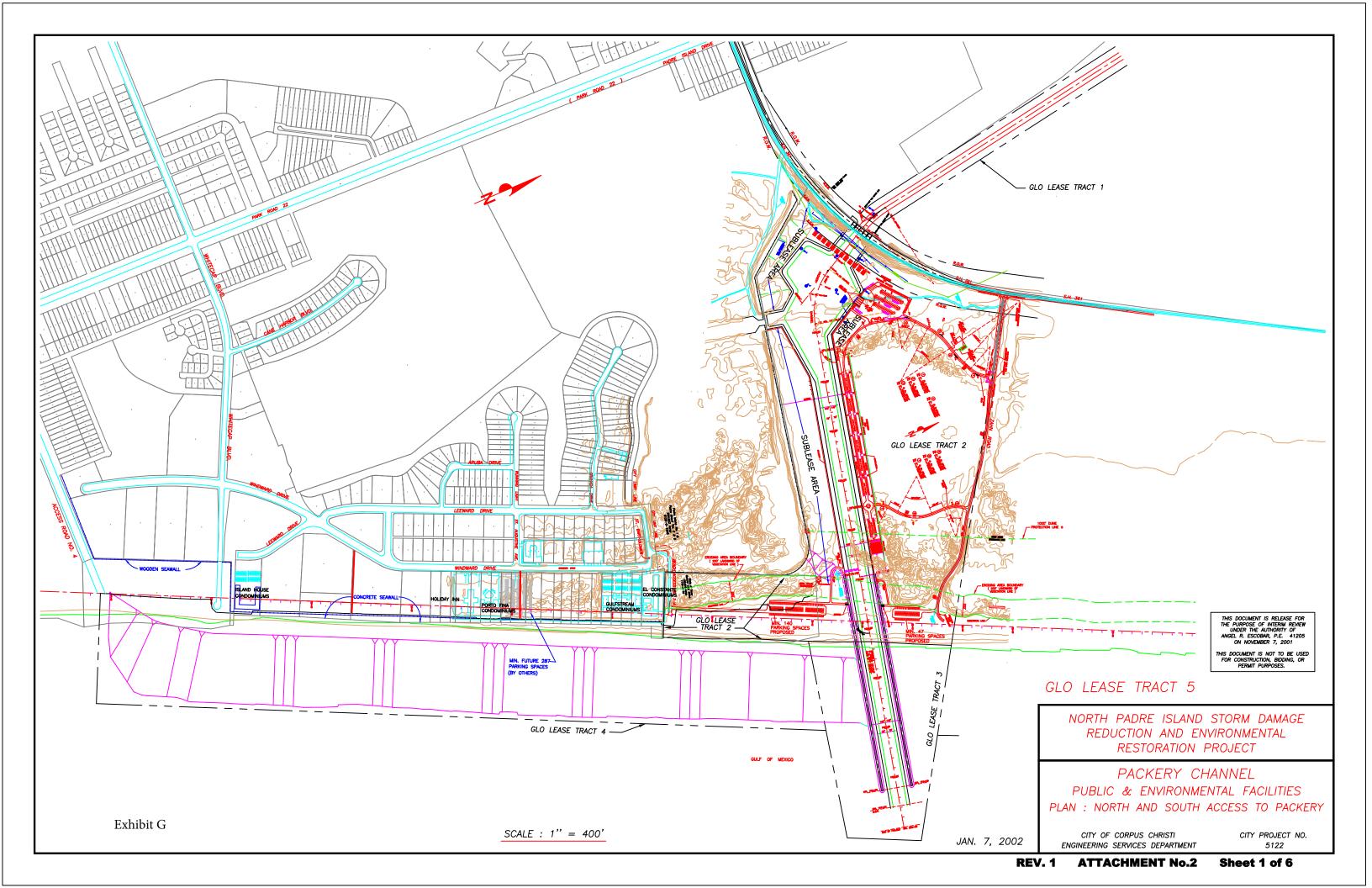


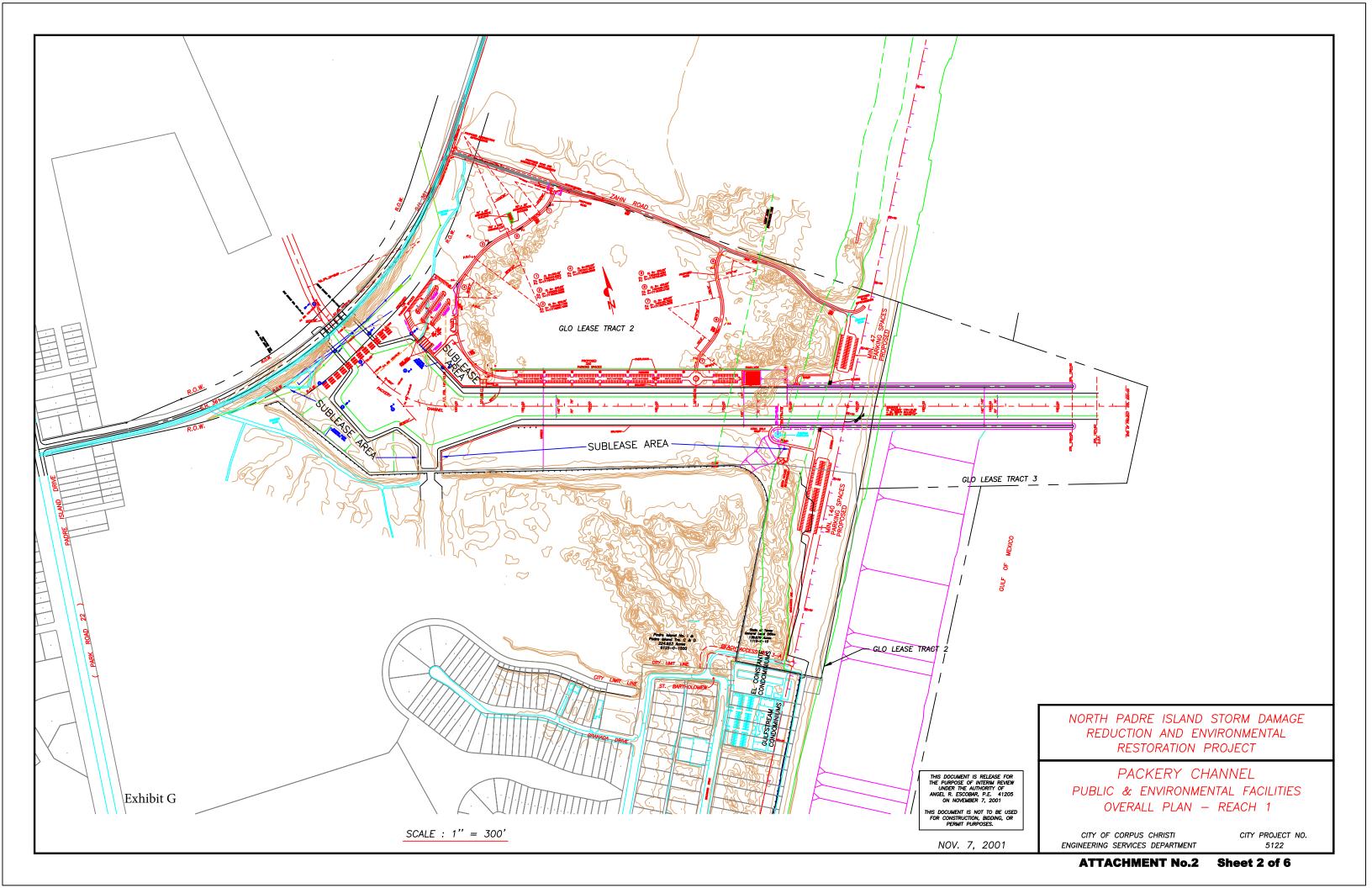
Exhibit F

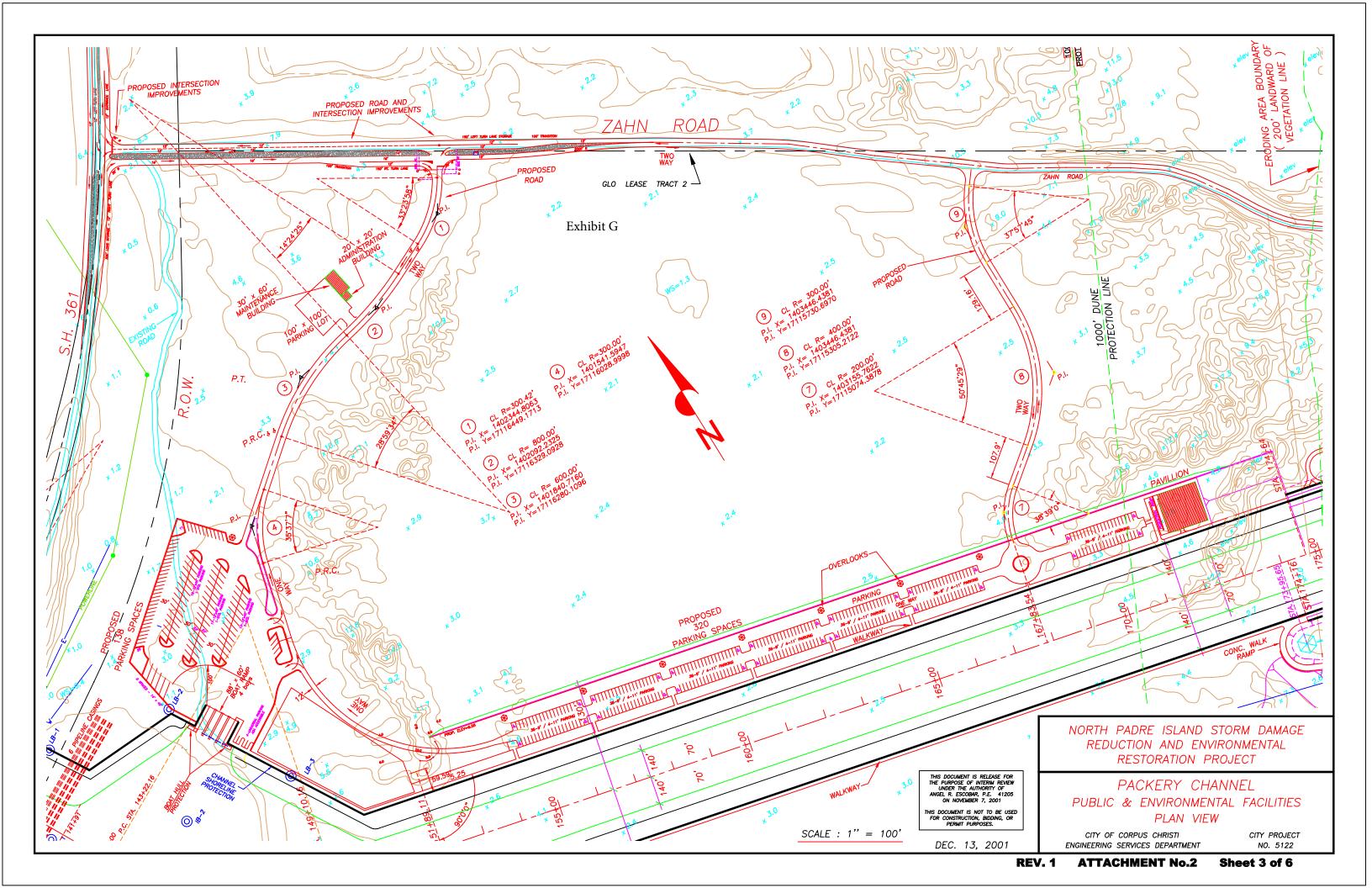


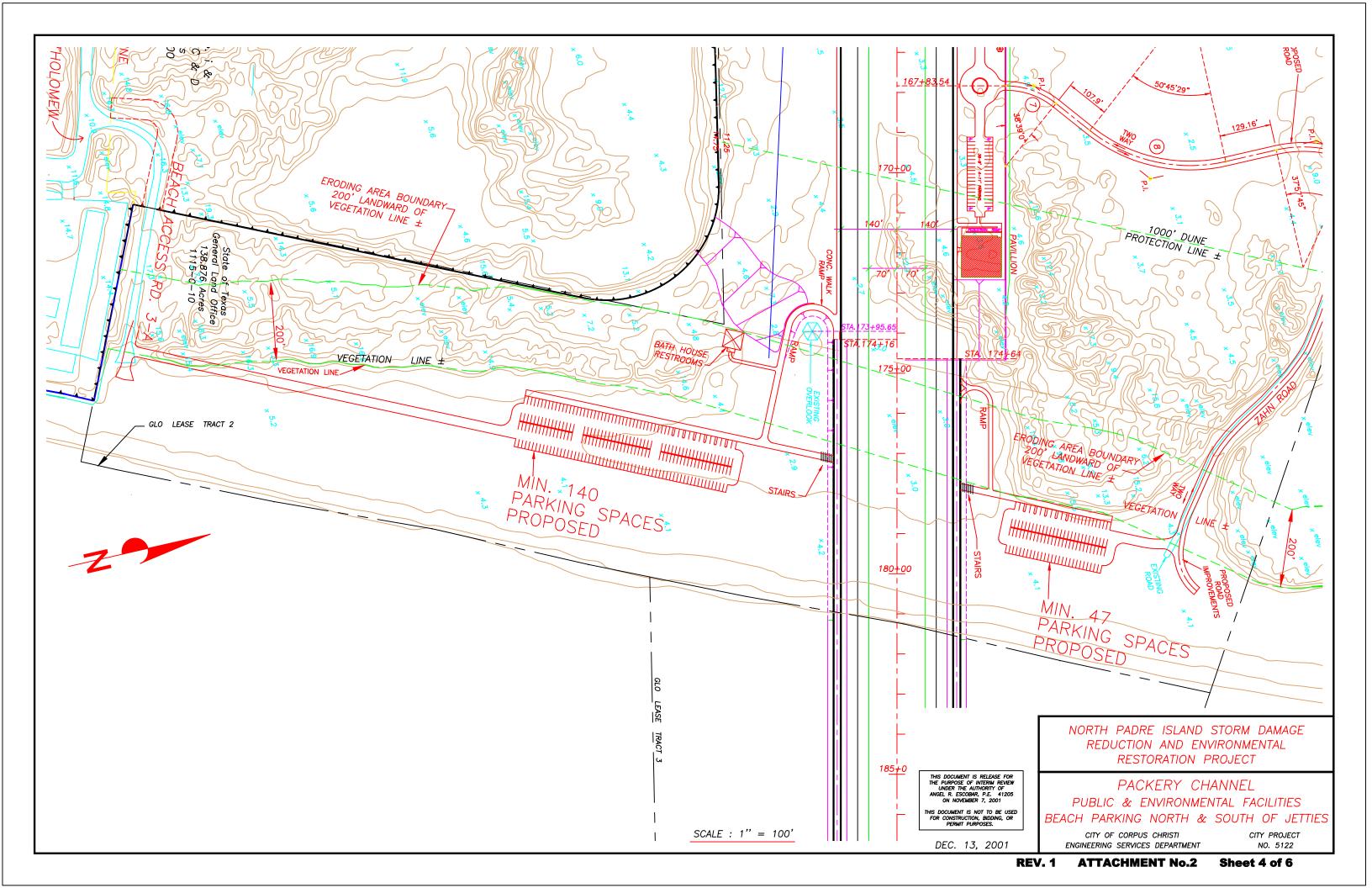
Exhibit F

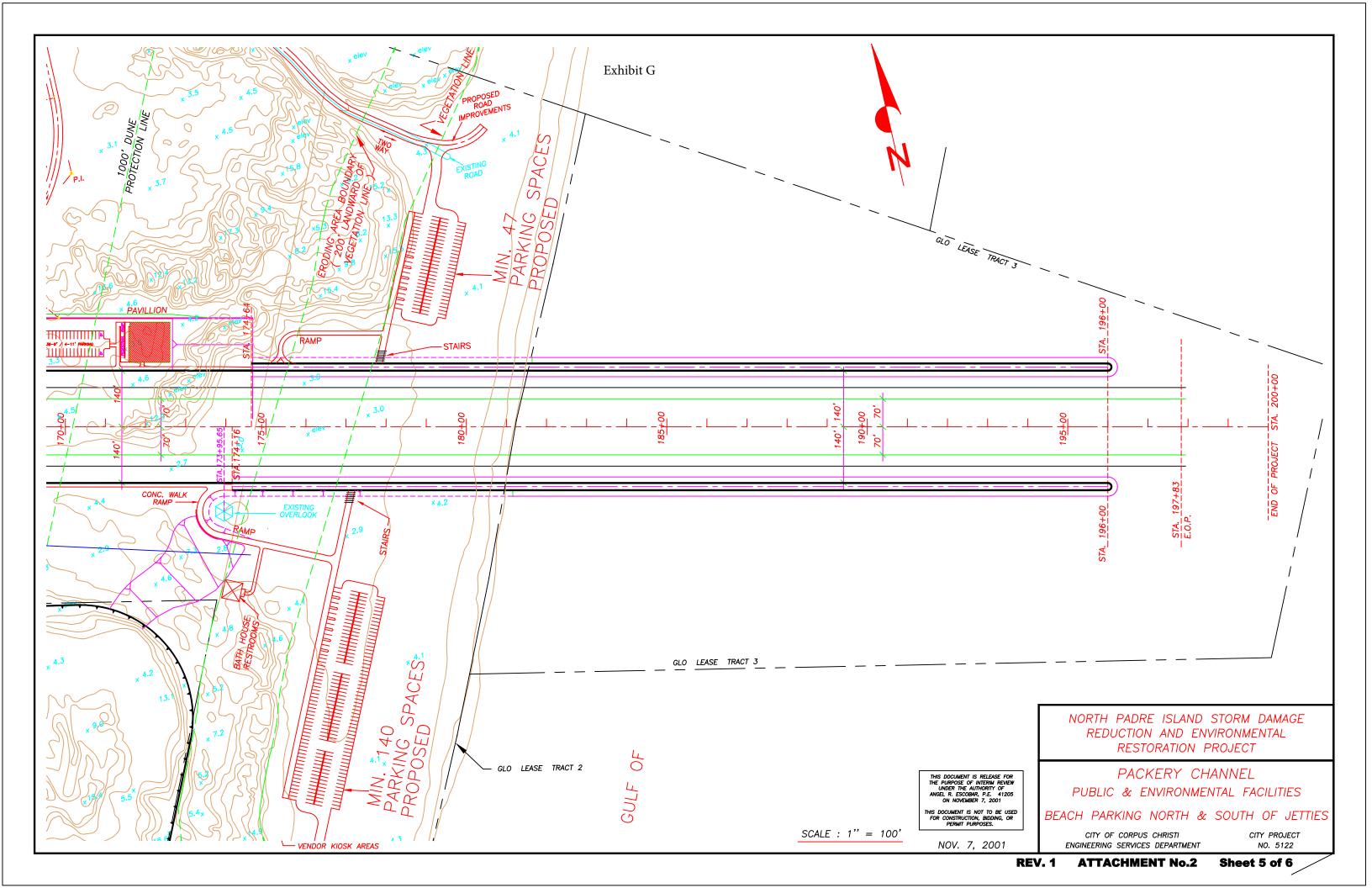


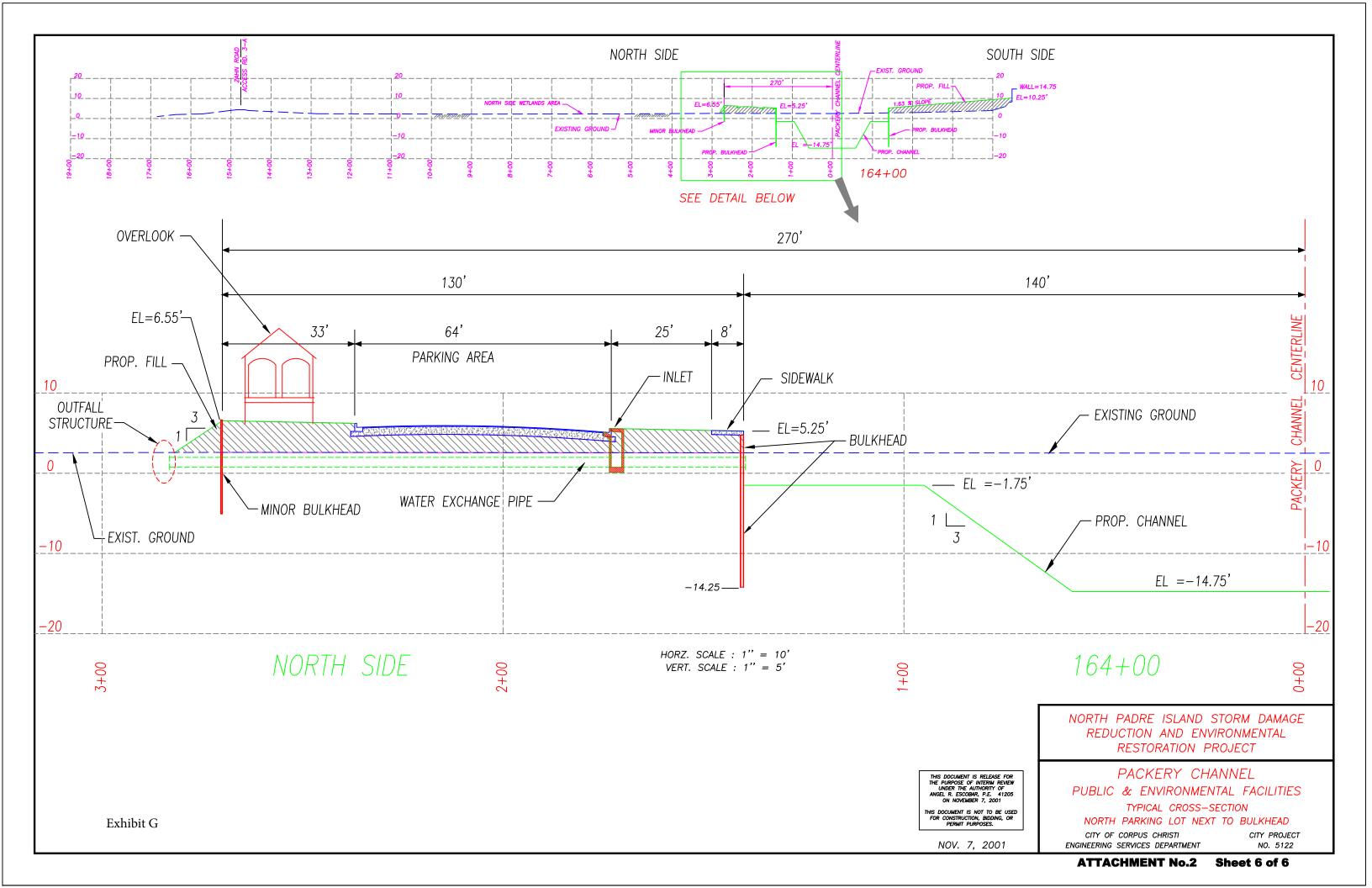












	PROJECTS WITH FUNDS FROM TAX INVESTMENT		ZONE #2	
	CITY OF CORPUS CHRIST RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPROVAL NOVEN		rod)	
	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPROVAL NOVEN	IDER 12, 2019 (III	rea)	
	PROJECT	PROJECT BUDGET	EXPENSES TO DATE	PROJECT STATUS
1	Packery Channel South Parking Lot Improvements			
	This project consisted of the demolition of existing facilities, construction of approximately 11,500 square yards of new flexible pavement, parking lot, two concrete driveways, minor water and wastewater improvements, landscaping improvements, lighting improvements, and concrete pedestrian ramp.		\$640,447	Completed March 2006
	Projects Include: Packery Channel Monitoring FY 2008-2009			Complete
	Packery Channel Monitoring FY 2009-2010			Complete
	Packery Channel Monitoring FY 2010-2011			Complete
	1 ackery Chainlet Monitoring 1 1 2010-2011			Complete
2	Packery Channel South Parking Lot, Landscaping Phase 2			
	This project consisted landscaping and irrigation improvements to the newly constructed 300-space parking area including the construction of new planting islands with mexican fan palms, sea grape trees, decorative rock and irrigation.		\$145,461	Completed March 2008
3	Packery Channel Boat Ramp Parking Lot / Access Road			
	This project consisted of the construction of approximately 17,000 square yards of HMAC flexible pavement parking facility adjacent to the existing Packery Channel Boat Ramp; construction of an access road and related signage and pavement markings, and the installation of 1,000 square yards concrete reinforced pavement adjacent to boat ramp, concrete bollards; minor drainage improvements; 3,500 linear feet of electrical conduits; and minor landscaping.		\$1,053,176 total project cost. \$549,216 from TIRZ #2	Completed July 2009
4	Packery Channel Boat Ramp Dredging			
<u>-r</u>	This project consisted of dredging approximately 17,800 cy of the Packery Channel Boat Ramp and adjacent area. The work included environmental control measures to prevent erosion and allow for discharge of water from the dredging operations to discharge into the surf of the Gulf of Mexico. Minor amount of stone were installed at the boat ramp to enhance shoreline protection.		\$431,377	Completed April 2010
5	Packery Channel South Parking Lot Restroom (Phase 1)			
	This project included the construction of restroom facilities at the South Parking Lot at the beach seawall on Windward Drive. The project included separate men and women facilities to with showers, toilets, changing stations, outdoor seating area, and native landscaping.		\$460,743	Completed July 2010
6	Packery Channel Parking Lot and Overlooks (Phase 2)			
<u> </u>	This project consisted of improvements along the north and south sides of Packery Channel including seven overlook structures, parking lot, access road, pedestrian walkways, storm water structures lighted bollards with electrical receptacles, lighting, landscaping, concrete benches and repairs to shoreline structures.		\$2,869,224	Completed March 2012
7	Packery Channel Aids to Navigation / Signage			
•	This project consisted of lighting improvements to Packery Channel as required for safety and security along with signage to mark no wake zones. Per ISAC, additional funds needed to replace signs following Hurricane Harvey.		\$64,500	Completed December 2012
7a	Packery Channel Aids to Navigation / Signage - Hurricane Harvey Repairs			
	Per ISAC, additional funds needed to replace signs completed in Project 7 following Hurricane Harvey.	Revised 2/20/18 \$65,000	\$7,166	Completed April 2019

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	PROJECTS WITH FUNDS FROM TAX INVESTMENT	REINVESTMENT	ZONE #2	
	CITY OF CORPUS CHRIST			
	RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPROVAL NOVEN	IBER 12, 2019 (in	red)	
	PROJECT	PROJECT BUDGET	EXPENSES TO DATE	PROJECT STATUS
8	Packery Channel Restroom Facilities (Phase 3)			
	This project consists of the purchase and installation of a mobile restroom on the north side of the Packery Channel and adjacent parking lot. The project also includes turn-around and connector to Zahn Road. A mobile trailor restroom on the south side of Packery Channel with wastewater lift station and wastewater 2-inch force main (approximately 2,500 linear feet long) is also being planned. Priority Item. P&R recommends self contained, solar powered mobile units to be placed at Packery Channel Parking Lot, end of Zahn Road and on South side of PC (at a location yet to be determined) Build and Install portable restroom shelters to hold portable restroom units at various locations. Build and Install Portable Shower units on the North and South side of Packery Channel. Board approval of 4 portable restroom facilities at \$65,000 each plus 20% contingency and shower facilities at \$100,000 total.		\$402,000	Solar Powered Units: Complete. Showers: Partial Water line installed Spring '18. Waiting on BCC permit.
9	Packery Channel Ramps to Jetties (Phase 4)			
9	This project includes ADA beach access on the north side and the south side or the channel to provide access from the beach to the restroom, lookouts and parking lots. This project will include the ADA approved mobi-mats on the north side and the south side of Packery Channel to provide access from the beach to the restrooms, lookouts and parking lots. This project was designed as part of the Phase 2 project for parking and overlooks. Priority ITem: P&R recommends a new design for structures since the GLO will not approve construction of parking lots on the beach. For Mobi-Mats per ISAC recommendation.	Revised 2/20/18 \$35,000	\$8,979	Complete
10	Packery Channel Dredging and Beach Nourishment - 2012			
	The project consisted of dredging approximately 264,300 cubic yards of beach quality material from within Packery Channel and placement of the dredged material as beach nourishment along the Gulf shoreline to the south of Packery Channel, and 15,000 cubic yards of sand from the north to south end of the N. Padre Island Seawall. Dredging schedule to be determined by results of annual study of channel.		\$1,820,843	Last Completed March 2012
10a	Packery Channel Dredging and Beach Nourishment - 2020			
	The project consisted of dredging beach quality material from within Packery Channel and placement of the dredged material as beach nourishment along the Gulf shoreline. Dredging schedule to be determined by results of annual study of channel.		\$37,345	In permitting process. Waiting to hear from USACE.

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	PROJECTS WITH FUNDS FROM TAX INVESTMENT		ZONE #2	
	CITY OF CORPUS CHRIST RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPROVAL NOVEN		red)	
	PROJECT	PROJECT BUDGET	EXPENSES TO DATE	PROJECT STATUS
11	Packery Channel Pavilion (Phase 5)			
	This project includes the pavilion expansion adjacent to the north side restroom or north side boat launch. This will allow the deck area around the restroom and some sitting areas for visitors. Design will begin in FY 2016 and construction will follow in FY 2017 dependent upon available funding. P&R recommends further discussion on this item to determine if another amenity would better suit the area. ISAC recommends Pavillion staged at the boat ramp parking lot as well as pavillion like structure on north and south side of the jetty.	\$273,000		Estimated completion: Fall 2019. At 90% Design
14	Periodic Survey of Channel Conditions and Shoreline			
	Packery Channel monitoring began in 2003 by Texas A&M Division of Nearshore Research by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. They ceased monitoring efforts in 2007 and the City assumed monitoring in 2008. The program includes the collection of bathymetric data in Packery Channel and the surrounding nearshore, measurement of elevation along the adjacent beach and inland channel segment (shoreline position), elevation measurements across the Mollie Beattie Coastal Habitat Community, and measurement of current velocity in the inland channel segment.	\$286,000	\$1,847,312 (Lifetime Expenses to Date)	2018 monitoring complete. 2019 Contract Executed 3/29/19.
15	Packery Channel Revetment Repair			
13	Storm surge, strong currents, and waves from Hurricane Harvey caused damage to the slope protection and adjacent appurtenances along the banks of Packery Channel between the SH 361 bridge and the Gulf of Mexico. Repair concepts will be developed for two alternatives; one to return the project to its approximate pre-storm conditions, and another to upgrade the project to an improved condition that is more resilient to future storm impacts. The City will procure a design consultant through the RFQ process, and the selected firm will prepare the construction plans. Post design, construction will be procured.	Added 2/13/18 \$600,000 for design \$4,000,000 for construction as stated in FY 2020 Budget	\$417,027	60% submittal under review.
16	Park Road 22 Bridge  On February 21, 2017, the TIRZ #2 board met and approved the amendment of using funds from TIRZ #2 to support the construction of two one-way bridges spanning Park Road 22. City Council approved this amendment on February 20, 2018. In April 2017, the City Council approved the appropriation of \$4M in TIRZ #2 funding for the contruction of PR 22 Bridge. A Developer Agreement for PR22 Bridge was approved by City Council on April 23, 2019. After re-bidding the construction contract in October 2019, the lowest bid was \$13,943,536 and the budget shortfall totals \$2,884,815.66.	\$4,000,000 11/12/2019 Add'I \$2,884,815.66	\$0.00	Waiting for developer on canals.
17	Beach Crosswalk at St. Augustine & Windward Dr.			
17	Per request of the Island Strategic Action Committee: Traffic improvement on Windward Drive at Saint Augustine Drive, for pedestrian crossing on Windward Drive to facilitate access to and from Michael J. Ellis Beach. Scope of work includes: crosswalk, access ramps, traffic signs, and pavement markings. Estimated costs are \$23,000 for the crossing and associated traffic improvements; \$9,000 for solar powered flashing LED crossing signs.	\$32,000	\$20,331.00	Completed February 2019.
18	Feasibility Study			
10	Per Texas Tax Code Sec. 311.011. Project and Financing Plans. (c) Reinvestment zone financing plans must include (3) a finding that the plan is economically feasible and an economic feasibility study.	\$50,000	\$50,000	Complete
10	Contingency for all Projects			
13	Project contingency fund for all projects.	\$100,000		

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### Exhibit I

### Reinvestment Zone No. 2 (TIF) Fund - Padre Island 1111 **Revenue Detail by Account**

Account Number	Account Description		Actual Revenues 017 - 2018	20	Original Budget 018 - 2019	Amended Budget 018 - 2019		Estimated Revenues 018 - 2019	2	Adopted Budget 019 - 2020
	Reserved for Encumbrances	\$	990,000				\$	1,070,000	\$	-
	Reserved for Commitments	Ψ.	8,260,716				7	10,905,490	7	14,147,175
	Unreserved		-					_		-
	Beginning Balance	\$	9,250,716				\$	11,975,490	\$	14,147,175
	Property Taxes									
300020	RIVZ Current Taxes-City	\$	2,281,607	\$	2,412,597	\$ 2,412,597	\$	2,453,000	\$	2,713,707
300050	RIVZ Current Taxes-County		1,151,264		1,171,473	1,171,473		1,175,000		1,298,306
300060	RIVZ Current Taxes-Hospital District		454,462		488,618	488,618		459,000		494,113
300110	RIVZ Delinquent Taxes-City		21,193		18,998	18,998		11,000		19,511
300130	RIVZ Delinquent Taxes-Del Mar		1		-	-		10		-
300140	RIVZ Delinquent Taxes-County		10,163		10,500	10,500		6,000		21,180
300150	RIVZ Delinquent Taxes-Hospital District		4,130		4,600	4,600		3,000		4,800
300210	RIVZ Penalties & Interest - City		16,714		25,000	25,000		14,000		25,700
300230	RIVZ Penalties & Interest - Del Mar		2		-	-		12		-
300240	RIVZ Penalties & Interest - County		8,329		12,001	12,001		7,500		12,500
300250	RIVZ Penalties & Interest - Hospital District		3,307		7,201	7,201		3,200		7,400
	Property Taxes Total	\$	3,951,171	\$	4,150,988	\$ 4,150,988	\$	4,131,722	\$	4,597,217
	Interest and Investments									
340900	Interest on Investments	\$	170,426	\$	130,000	\$ 130,000	\$	210,892	\$	250,000
340995	Net Inc/Dec in FV of Investments		110		-	-		-		-
	Interest and Investments Total	\$	170,536	\$	130,000	\$ 130,000	\$	210,892	\$	250,000
	Interfund Charges									
352000	Transfer from Other Fund	\$	757	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	Interfunds Charges Total	\$	757	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
	Revenue Total:	\$	4,122,464	\$	4,280,988	\$ 4,280,988	\$	4,342,614	\$	4,847,217
	Total Funds Available:	\$	13,373,180				\$	16,318,104	\$	18,994,392

Note: Reinvestment Zone #2, commonly referred to as Packery Channel was created pursuant to the Tax Increment Financing Act to facilitate development of the land within the boundaries of the tax increment zone. The Zone became effective on November 14, 2000. The funding source is post-2000 incremental property taxes from taxing units with property within the boundaries of the zone.

### Exhibit I

# Reinvestment Zone No. 2 (TIF) Fund - Padre Island 1111 Expenditure Detail by Organization

Org. Number	Organization Name	Actual Expenses 2017 - 2018	Original Budget 2018 - 2019	Amended Budget 2018 - 2019	Estimated Expenses 2018 - 2019	Adopted Budget 2019 - 2020
11305	Administration	\$ -	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 4,000
55000	Principal Retired	1,070,000	1,240,000	1,240,000	1,240,000	1,400,000
55010	Interest	309,150	261,000	261,000	261,000	205,200
55040	Paying Agent Fees	5,694	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
60000	Operating Transfer Out (CIP)	-	=	-	-	9,050,000
60010	Transfer to General Fund	12,846	13,929	13,929	13,929	63,344
	Reinvestment Zone No. 2 Total:	\$ 1,397,690	\$ 2,170,929	\$ 2,170,929	\$ 2,170,929	\$ 10,728,544
	Reserved for Encumbrances	\$ 1,070,000			\$ -	\$ -
	Reserved for Commitments	10,905,490			14,147,175	8,265,848
	Unreserved				-	
	Closing Balance	\$ 11,975,490			\$ 14,147,175	\$ 8,265,848
					Bond Reserve	1,500,000
				Park	Road 22 Reserve	
				R	evetment Reserve	
					ntenance Reserve	500,000
						6,000,000

Reinvestment Zone No. 2 Project List for 2020	
Packery Channel Dredging Design	350,000
Packery Channel Dredging Construction	4,000,000
Packery Channel Revetment	4,600,000
Continengy for all Projects	100,000
For FY 2020 CIP Projects	9,050,000